1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION				
3	UNITED STATES OF AME	RI CA,	)	Docket No. 18 CR 00278	
4	PI ai n	tiff,	)	Chicago, III inois June 10, 2019	
5	V.		)	10: 04 a. m.	
6	ERNESTO GODINEZ,		)		
7	DEFEN	DANT.	)		
8 9	VOLUME 1-A TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS - Trial BEFORE THE HONORABLE HARRY D. LEINENWEBER, and a Jury				
10	APPEARANCES:				
11	For the Government:	HON. JOHN R. United State			
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17		and			
18		PISSETZKY & MR. GAL PISS			
19		35 West Wack Suite 1980			
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21	Also Present:	MR. BEAU JAC MS. MARTA KA		EN, ATF Agent BA	
22	Court Reporter:			CSR, RMR, CRR	
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24 25		Chi cago, IL (312) 702-88 judi th_wal sh	865	nd. uscourts. gov	

1 (In open court.) THE CLERK: 18 CR 278, United States vs. Godinez. 2 3 MR. HYMAN: May it please the Court, Larry Hyman and Gal Pissetzky for Mr. Godinez. 4 5 MS. BABU: Kavi tha Babu and Nicholas Eichenseer on behalf of the United States. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. Let's see. Here for trial; is 8 that right? 9 MR. HYMAN: Yes. We're ready. 10 THE COURT: Ready for trial. Is it Eichenseer? 11 MR. EICHENSEER: Correct, Your Honor. 12 That's how you pronounce it? THE COURT: 13 MR. EI CHENSEER: Exactly. 14 THE COURT: It sounds German. 15 MR. EICHENSEER: I think it is. 16 THE COURT: So does Leinenweber, though, I guess. MR. PISSETZKY: I'm not sure what Pissetzky is. 17 18 THE COURT: Pardon? 19 MR. PISSETZKY: I'm not sure what Pissetzky is. 20 THE COURT: If I remember right, you're Israeli, right? 21 Or your family. I remember we had -- I gave you the weekend off 22 to go to Israel for a funeral. 23 MR. PISSETZKY: My grandfather, right. 24 MR. HYMAN: And Hyman, I think we -- they just 25 chased -- the Cossacks chased us out, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. We're here for a trial. I've ruled on the motions in limine. There's two matters that have been raised since. One is the motion to visit the scene.

What's the government's position in that?

MS. BABU: Your Honor, we don't think that that's necessary in this case. The scene of the alleged crime here is a neighborhood here in Chicago. The government intends to introduce multiple maps as demonstratives.

There's multiple views of footage from surveillance cameras surrounding the neighborhood. The eyewitnesses who were there that morning will testify. There are approximately 50, if not more, photographs of the scene.

We think that the jury will more than understand the scene here, and it's also not a complicated scene. It's a typical neighborhood with houses, streets, alleys. There's no reason for the jury to have to schlep -- and shlep all the way to the Back of the Yards.

THE COURT: Anything further?

MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, the whole purpose is not to give the jury a sense of -- and I'm sure all these -- the photographs that were taken by the evidence technician from the Chicago Police Department gives some idea of what -- what it may have looked like.

But I think until this jury understands the position of Agent Spratte and what he saw and what he could see when he

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fired his weapon to where he said there was the muzzle flashes. It makes a big difference because the photos just don't give it its due justice as to what he could have seen that morning.

THE COURT: But how are you going to establish that at the scene? You know, that I would -- my only knowledge of visiting the scene goes back to my trial practice when I did a lot of work on condemnation cases. And by Illinois law, the landowner had the right to have the property viewed, and we would take -- put the jury on a bus, take them down, let them look at the property, and then take them back without anybody saying anything.

I just -- I'm not -- it seems to me that the only way it would really be effective would be if you conducted the examination down at the scene, and we're not about to do that.

MR. HYMAN: No.

MR. PISSETZKY: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Just, you know, that, okay, what are they seeing and, you know, who's to say where he is at this particular time, it would seem to me that would be confusing to the jury. So to bring the matter to a close, I'm going to deny the motion to visit the scene.

A couple of things till we start out. How long is this case going to take?

MS. BABU: Your Honor, the government expects that its case will take approximately the week.

THE COURT: And then defense -- so it will go over into 1 2 the next week then in all probability. So a week and a half 3 probably? 4 Well, yeah, to be safe, Judge, eight, maybe MR. HYMAN: 5 eight --THE COURT: I always like to tell them. 6 7 Working days, 8 to 10 working days. MR. HYMAN: 8 THE COURT: I always like to tell the jury. So I'll 9 tell them it won't be more than two weeks --10 MR. HYMAN: No. 11 THE COURT: -- but probably somewhat less? 12 MR. HYMAN: Less, yes. 13 THE COURT: All right. The government proposed a 14 statement of the case. I take it you guys have seen it? 15 MR. PISSETZKY: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Is that okay? 17 MR. HYMAN: Yes, that's fine. 18 THE COURT: All right. As far as the voir dire is 19 concerned, both sides have submitted proposed questions. 20 one question that -- the one area that the government didn't 21 submit any suggestions on, and you guys, the defense did 22 concerning how to handle gangs. 23 And you had two questions, they're 37 and 38, "Do you 24 have a strong opinion about gangs? Do you or anyone you know

ever been affected by gang violence?"

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You

1 MR. HYMAN: Yes. I had -- till I had read yours, I had been 2 THE COURT: 3 fooling around with a proposed question, which would have a 4 statement and ask a question. And my proposal was -- and I would ask your view. 5 6 know, if you guys don't want it, then I would certainly not give 7 it. "There may be evidence introduced in the case that the 8 defendant may be a member of a group that can be classified as a 9 The Constitution gives us the right to associate with 10 There is nothing inherently illegal or wrongful in others. 11 associating with a gang. You should not decide any issue of fact 12 solely due to alleged gang membership. Can you do this?" 13 MR. PISSETZKY: Yeah, we would like that question to be 14 But in conjunction as well, I think the two question we read. 15 proposed --16 THE COURT: How about have you ever been affected by --17 what was your question? Let's see. Affected by gang violence. 18 MR. HYMAN: Right. You or anyone you know. 19 THE COURT: All right. 20 MS. BABU: And, Your Honor, we don't -- we are fine 21 with question No. 38. 22 Question No. 37 is a little vague as to what a

THE COURT: Well, I was just going to -- what I was going to do was give mine, say that, and then ask have they ever

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strong --

been affected by gang violence.

MS. BABU: That's fine, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You or any, you know, you or any of your close associates.

MR. HYMAN: And if the Court would follow up, or would we go to the side and ask the individual jurors if they have, if how would they be able -- would this affect their ability to sit on this jury.

THE COURT: Yeah. I would do that. If they say yes, I have, then I would say come on over here, and we would find out exactly what it was.

I'm trying to think of gang cases before.

MR. HYMAN: I think Your Honor has allowed the issue of gangs in this case for purposes of I guess historical reasons or what -- there isn't any indication that this is a gang shooting.

THE COURT: Well, I understand. We've been through all that, and I think it fits within the exception of 404(b), which is what gang membership would be, 404(b) material.

And the government has explained sufficiently to my justification that it's relevant in the case for their -- certainly for their theory of the case. So that's -- we're going to do that.

But I wanted to know how you want me to handle it with the jury. And I had that -- before I read your suggestions, I had thought myself, you know, because obviously you have a right

to associate with a gang unless you're under some kind of a 1 2 legal restriction. So there's nothing inherently wrong with 3 being a member of a gang, and so I thought I would tell them 4 that unless there's, you know --5 MR. HYMAN: The question is very fair and very open, 6 Judge. We appreciate that. 7 All right. So you guys want me to do that? THE COURT: 8 MR. HYMAN: Yes. 9 THE COURT: Okay. I'm not giving all of your questions 10 on either side, but I'm giving at least some of them. 11 MR. HYMAN: 0kay. 12 And if you want -- if you want follow-ups, THE COURT: 13 let me know. I think --14 MR. PISSETZKY: We insist on the question about the 15 pet. 16 THE COURT: What? 17 MR. PISSETZKY: We insist on the question regarding the 18 pets. 19 MR. HYMAN: Are they pet owners. 20 THE COURT: What in the world? That comes right after 21 your question about gangs. 22 They're clearly related. MS. BABU: 23 THE COURT: I had not proposed to give that. 24 MR. HYMAN: Okay. It actually goes to the compassion 25 of people, Judge, that owners are compassionate people.

THE COURT: You'll probably irritate people, and somebody else will say they're the type of people that bring their dog on the airplane, which has become a national scandal almost.

So let's go back -- to get back to jury selection,

Mr. Pissetzky I know has tried several cases in front of me, and
I do the voir diring. And the way I do it is we'll put 12 in
the jury and I'll question all 12, and then you will then
exercise your strikes as to the 12. We'll remove those, swear
in those who are not stricken and fill the empties till we have
12 jurors. Because we're going to go to next week, I'll
probably pick an extra two or three as alternates.

You get -- each side gets one peremptory for the three alternates. You can't use your leftover ones on the alternates.

My procedure has always been -- and most lawyers, I've never had anybody object to it -- is that you exercise your strikes simultaneously in writing, and I do not attribute who gets -- who gets the honor of kicking somebody off the jury.

But because you're doing it simultaneously, occasionally you'll strike the same juror. It happens more often than you would think. And the first time that happens, it's charged to the government, the second time the defense, and then back to the government again, much the same as the NBA.

So example, jurors 1, 2 and 3, the government strikes juror 1 and defendant strikes 1 and 3. At that time the defense

has exercised one, the government has exercised one challenge. 1 2 So we replace those two, and you both challenge replacement 3 No. 1. That's chargeable to the defense. 4 And the only other thing I caution you on is I don't 5 permit backstriking. If you get all the way down to you got 11 jurors and you got too many of women or too many men, I'm not 6 7 going to let you go back and kick off the ones that have already 8 been accepted and sworn. 9 Because I'll swear them in as soon as they've been 10 11

acceptable to both sides. Is that understood? Is there any objection to that procedure?

Your Honor, do you go to the side and we MR. HYMAN: present our strikes, or do you just --

THE COURT: No. You write them -- put them in writing, and you'll hand them to Mel, and then she'll hand them to me, and I'll say okay, juror strike, da, da, da, da, and everybody will keep a running tally. If you want to know if you have had any --

> MR. HYMAN: Judge, there's seven or eight?

THE COURT: Pardon?

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MR. HYMAN: Eight strikes?

You guys get 10. THE COURT:

MR. HYMAN: Ten.

THE COURT: And they get six. And when we get the alternates, you each get one.

1 MR. HYMAN: Right, okay. 2 THE COURT: But you can't -- you can't save a couple for the alternates. 3 4 MR. HYMAN: Okay. I get it. 5 MS. BABU: The government has no objection to this, 6 Your Honor. 7 The -- obviously the -- you're all THE COURT: 8 professionals, and you understand the fact you don't argue with 9 each other. You present everything through me. If you have an objection, state it, and I'll rule on 10 11 And normally it's not necessary for you to expand on the 12 fact. Just object, state the rule, hearsay or 404(b) or 13 whatever, and if I think I need more information, I'll call for 14 a si debar. 15 Now, the jurors hate sidebars. I hate sidebars. The 16 only thing I hate more than sidebars is re-redirect and 17 re-recross. Once you get through your cross and they get the 18 redirect, that should be it. 19 How about, "one more question, Your Honor," MR. HYMAN: 20 one of those "one more questions"? 21 THE COURT: And I count, that's one, that's two, that's 22 three, that's four. So anyway, that's not to say you can't do 23 it, but I don't like it. So I don't know if that's a 24 peculiarity with me. 25 MR. PISSETZKY: How late are we going to go, Judge,

1 and --

THE COURT: 10:00 till 5:00 and take an hour usually around 12:30, quarter to 1:00, something like that. And then we'll take a break in the morning, mid-morning and a break in the afternoon. If you're not finished on Friday, we'll go on Friday and finish it Monday or Tuesday or whatever.

MR. HYMAN: If our jury selection goes past the lunch hour, Judge, do you expect us to start today or will you give us --

THE COURT: Well, yeah, it depends. I would like you to give opening statements today for sure and maybe even put a witness on depending on how quickly the jury goes. You never know how fast it will go until you hear some of the responses and whether, you know, how many people want to be off the jury or whatever reason.

Normally, you know, I like to complete jury selection in the beginning, but for criminal cases, it's kind of difficult because of the number of challenges.

And if you -- if you want to follow up on something, ask for a sidebar. I'm happy to have a sidebar there if you want to explore something that one of the jurors said.

I'll try to anticipate that, you know, if somebody says, yeah, I had a problem with the City of Chicago police, I would ask them, you know, what exactly the nature of the problem was.

When it gets into the question of have you or a close family member ever been convicted or arrested for a serious crime, I will have a sidebar to have him explain, you know, what it is and so forth.

I will do that automatically, find out what it is and see if it's -- if it is, so you know whether its -- how serious it is, and whether -- we can ask them whether or not they could be fair based upon that experience.

MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, I don't know if there is a question -- I don't know where I put that thing -- about the testimony of agents and officers, whether --

THE COURT: My question is on that -- and I think I'm correct on this -- is will you use the same tests in evaluating the truthfulness of the testimony of a witness regardless of whether -- of what the status of the witness is.

I use the same one, for example, the police officer as you would defense witness or vice versa. It's the question is would be use the same test.

Obviously you have Mother Teresa on and you have a person who's been convicted of 12 crimes, you can't suggest to the jury that they should give equal weight to that. I mean, it's how would you evaluate the testimony?

Mother Teresa may be lying, and so you would use your normal tests in determining whether she's lying or not. But you can't ask them to say necessarily that they believe a criminal

over a police officer or would you use -- would you believe both of them the same way.

We wouldn't necessarily, but you use the same tests, the police officer's shifty and so forth. And we give them that, you know, that how to evaluate the testimony of witnesses when we instruct the jury. It's pretty detailed about their -- how they should do it.

So basically I don't ask it the way that normally they request me to ask it, but I'll ask it here's the same test in evaluating all the witnesses regardless of whether they're law enforcement or whether lay.

MS. BABU: That's fine for the government.

THE COURT: Let's see. I'm trying to think what other -- usually Judy can tell me what I should tell everybody.

MS. BABU: Your Honor, we have a few administrative matters that I'd like to take up --

THE COURT: All right.

MS. BABU: -- once the Court is done.

THE COURT: Why don't you do that, and I'll be thinking about something else that I should --

MS. BABU: Sure, Your Honor. We would like to make a motion to have any defense or government witnesses excluded from the courtroom during the pendency of the trial until they're excused from the stand.

THE COURT: And you want to do it except for your case

1 agent? 2 MS. BABU: Correct, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Any objection to that? MR. HYMAN: 4 No. 5 THE COURT: All right. The parties will be instructed 6 to monitor their own witnesses. 7 The other thing is this is a very emotional MR. HYMAN: 8 case for this agency. When we were at our bond hearing, they 9 brought in about 60 agents. 10 THE COURT: 60? 11 MR. HYMAN: At least 60 agents to sit, including the 12 parents of the officer who was shot, to see Mr. Godinez. We 13 would ask the Court if they're going to bring in officers -- and 14 they have a right to come in and watch this -- but they don't 15 end up just packing this courtroom with agents during the course 16 of the opening or closing argument. 17 MS. BABU: We don't expect for that to be the case, 18 Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: All right. It's kind of hard to say that 20 they can't. As you say, they have a right to be here. 21 hope that they wouldn't bring them in a -- like a show of force. 22 I think that's what you're worried about. 23 MR. HYMAN: Yes. 24 THE COURT: So the government tells me that isn't going 25 to happen or probably won't happen.

1 MS. BABU: Correct, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: So we'll let it go at that. 3 MR. HYMAN: Okay. 4 And, Your Honor, when we tender witnesses MS. BABU: under Rule 702, would you like for us to refer to them as 5 6 experts, or would you rather we not? We intend to present 7 multiple experts. 8 THE COURT: Oh, experts. Well, normally, I mean, you 9 voir dire them and then, well, they put in the evidence unless 10 there's stipulation that they are experts. 11 MR. HYMAN: No. 12 There is not. Your Honor. MS. BABU: 13 I mean, there is an instruction as to about THE COURT: 14 experts, so, I mean, obviously you can refer to them as experts. 15 That's -- their testimony, presuming it is under 702, it would 16 be as an expert because they allowed to give opinions. No, I 17 don't see any problem with that. 18 MS. BABU: Thank you, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: What else is on your list? 20 MS. BABU: Lastly, Your Honor, we do intend to use a 21 general map of the neighborhood during opening statements. 22 shown the map to defense counsel. They do not have an objection 23 to the map.

Fine. Usually within reason, anything you

agree to, I pretty much allow unless it's being extraordinarily

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THE COURT:

time-consuming.

But as far as my -- as far as using graphics and things of that nature at opening statements, my view has always been as long as you can assure me and assure both sides that it will be shown during the trial, that it's accurate, then you can use it because I'm assuming you would anticipate that there will be evidence that it's accurate.

You can tell the jury you think it's accurate, and then if it isn't accurate, then, of course, you look bad. But, I mean, as far as that goes. So I -- but you can use almost anything that would be -- I always thought that you could also use an exemplary exhibit. If you could draw it on a piece of paper, you can do it ahead of time and make it look better, then I don't have any problem with that.

So again, the question is whether it's fair. You know, if it's obviously, you know, way out of whack so that it gives the wrong impression, then you know, as long as the exhibits are reasonably accurate, I don't have any problem with that.

MR. HYMAN: We intend to use what the government has given us as exhibits in our opening statements. So everything that they have tendered to us, we're going to use.

THE COURT: All right. That's fine. Obviously if the government prepared it, it can be used by you.

What else we got, anything?

MS. BABU: No, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Pardon?

MS. BABU: No, Your Honor. We have nothing else.

THE COURT: Anything further?

MR. HYMAN: No. We're ready to go.

THE COURT: All right. Let me get the jury up here and then we will get started.

Let me put one thing on the record before I forget.

You do not need to ask permission to approach a witness. Just approach the witness if you want show them something without asking permission, all right?

(Recess at 10:27 a.m., until 10:47 a.m.)

THE CLERK: Court resumes in session. Please be seated and come to order.

THE COURT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. You've been called here to participate in jury selection in a case entitled United States of America vs. Ernesto Godinez. I'll give you a description of the case just so you know what the case is generally about.

The defendant Ernesto Godinez has been charged with assaulting a special agent with the bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, also known as the ATF, and Explosives on May 4th, 2018, and using a firearm during the assault. Specifically Count 1 of the indictment alleges that the defendant used a firearm to inflict bodily injury upon the special agent while the agent was performing official duties.

Count 2 of the indictment alleges that the defendant used and discharged the firearm during the assault of the agent. The defendant has pled not guilty to the charges, and the purposes of this trial, this proceeding today is to determine whether or not the government can prove the charges as I've just outlined against Mr. Godinez beyond a reasonable doubt.

It is the government's obligation, as we will go over several times during the course of the trial, to prove any charge against a criminal defendant, a defendant in a criminal proceeding beyond a reasonable doubt. It is not the defendant's obligation to prove his innocence.

The defendant, Mr. Godinez, is represented by Mr. Lawrence Hyman and Mr. Gal Pissetzky. Mr. Hyman, would you introduce the people at your table.

MR. HYMAN: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. This is Mr. Pissetzky, my partner in this case. This is Ernesto Godinez.

THE DEFENDANT: Good morning.

MR. HYMAN: And this is young lady is Marta Kascuba. She is a recent graduate from law school.

THE COURT: The government is represented by Ms. Kavitha Babu and Mr. Nicholas Eichenseer.

Ms. Babu, would you introduce the people at your table.

MS. BABU: Yes, Your Honor.

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Kavitha

Babu. I'm an assistant U.S. Attorney with the United States.

This is my partner Nicholas Eichenseer, and also at our table is Special Agent Beau Jacobsen from the ATF.

THE COURT: Thank you. Usually the first question prospective jurors want answered when they get called in for jury selection is how long is the case going to take for trial. And we believe the case will take -- will be less than two weeks. How much less, we don't -- we can't really tell you now, but we don't expect the case to take two weeks.

So your obligation as a juror, if you're selected in this case, would be present in court Monday, which is today, through Friday of this week and whatever days next week are necessary to conclude the case. I can't guarantee when you would get out, but I've been reasonably assured that the case will not take two full weeks, but at least one week and perhaps a part of another.

So our court days will be starting at 10:00 o'clock in the morning and will conclude at 5:00 p.m. in the evening. And we'll take an hour off for lunch, usually around a quarter to 1:00 or 1:00 o'clock, and then have a recess in mid-morning and another recess in mid-afternoon.

It's my intention as a judge to assure you that your time while you're -- if you're on the jury, that your time will be spent -- will be spent in the trial rather than waiting around. Sometimes there is absolute necessary that we do stuff

that would not necessarily involve the jury, but I will pledge to you we will keep that to an absolute minimum, so that when you're in the building, you will be sitting out here listening to testimony of the witnesses. Because that is what your obligation as a juror is and to make the factual determinations.

One other thing I'm going to do right now -- and I want you to listen closely -- because I'm not going to repeat this list. But I'm going to, when you're questioned for selection specifically as a juror, I'm going to ask you whether or not you're familiar with any of these people.

We've got potential witnesses -- and I want to emphasize potential -- which generally means that their name will be -- will come up, either that they may become a witness or their name will come up during the course of the trial.

And I want to -- I will ask you whether or not you're familiar with any of these people, and if you are, to let me know. Not now, but at a later time.

So I want you to listen. I don't want to have to repeat the list because it's relatively long. But again, I want to say it's potential. It means that these people's name will come up. We want to know whether or not you know any of them.

The witnesses on the list include Nicholas Brown, Chris Chmelar, C-H-M-E-L-A-R, Kevin Crump, C-R-U-M-P, Arnold Esposito, Paul Greene, Steve Greene, Beau Jacobsen, Victoria Jean-Baptiste, Kevin O'Neill, Paul Presnell, P-R-E-S-N-E-L-L,

Destiny Rodriguez, Hector Ruiz, Jason Schoenecker, Thomas Spratte, S-P-R-A-T-T-E, Daniel Winter.

Anthony Green, a Chicago police officer, Neil Evans, a Chicago police officer, Adriana Oropeza, O-R-O-P-E-Z-A, Jose Manny Segoviano, S-E-G-O-V-I-A-N-O, Lucy Segoviano and G. Stanley Sangdahl, S-A-N-G-D-A-H-L, ESI Corporation.

So I'm going to ask as we go -- as I'm questioning each of the jurors if they know any of those people, so I'm hoping you can remember those names.

Now, as far as jury selection, for those of you who have never participated before, you will all be sworn in, and then I will ask questions to you concerning mostly biographical as to your background and what your various experience may be relevant to this particular case are. And we -- and no intention to embarrass anybody so -- and I don't think the questioning's going to be that problematical.

But it is necessary that the lawyers on both sides, the government and the defense, know something about you because under federal law, each side is entitled to have excused any potential juror that is legally disqualified under a number of disqualifications. Not very many, but there are a few. So they need to know something like that.

Also, each side is entitled to excuse a certain number of jurors by exercising what's known as a peremptory challenge, which means they can exclude a certain number of jurors,

potential jurors, without having to justify why the particular side doesn't want them as a juror. So for them, however, to exercise their rights intelligently, they have to know something about you. Hence, I'm obligated to ask certain questions of you concerning your background and experiences.

So I don't think it will be too -- too intrusive, but to the extent that any question is concerning an individual, of course, is an intrusion of some kind. So I apologize in advance for that, but I don't want to scare you by thinking that you're going to be embarrassed because there's no intention to embarrass anybody. Will you all rise and be sworn.

(Venire sworn.)

THE COURT: Please be seated. Would you call 12 jurors. The first juror, take the first seat closest to me in the first row. The second through sixth. And then the seventh juror, take the first seat in the back row and then back down.

THE CLERK: Denise Maty, M-A-T-Y. Myra Reyes.

Did you want her to sit there, Judge?

THE COURT: You are Ms. Maty? You can take the first seat, and you take the second seat right after -- next to her, yeah.

THE CLERK: Krystal Travis.

THE COURT: Probably easier if you go in that -- just take the sec -- no, no, no, no.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The first seat where I was?

1 THE COURT: Yeah, where you are, the first seat. The 2 first person in the first seat and the second person take the 3 second seat and the third person take the third seat. You can 4 be seated. 5 THE CLERK: Sandra O' Malley, Nicholas Sevenich, Marilyn Rebus, Willie Johnson. 6 7 THE COURT: Mr. Johnson, you take the first seat in the 8 back row closest to me. 9 THE CLERK: Corey Barnett, Brian Velo, Martha Avila, 10 Ella Hansen and Delia Douglas. 11 Is it Maty, M-A-T-Y? Is that how you THE COURT: 12 pronounce it? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 14 THE COURT: You are Denise Maty; is that correct? 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Where do you live? Lockport, Illinois. 17 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 18 THE COURT: And how old are you? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 48. 20 THE COURT: What's your educational background? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school graduate. 22 THE COURT: And what is your occupation? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Sel f-empl oyed. 24 THE COURT: And your marital status? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Marri ed.

1	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Sal es.
3	THE COURT: What does he sell?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Intermodal transportation.
5	THE COURT: Have you or any member does you or
6	obviously you don't. Any member of your family currently
7	employed in law enforcement?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: Okay. How about have any family members
10	been in law enforcement?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: OKAY. Are there any attorneys in your
13	family?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Who?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A cousin.
17	THE COURT: A cousin. What type of where does he
18	practi ce?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He is now in Minnesota. He was in
20	Chi cago.
21	THE COURT: Do you know what he does? Is he a criminal
22	lawyer or a civil?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Family law.
24	THE COURT: Okay, family law. Have you or any member
25	of your family ever been employed specifically in law

enforcement, including the ATF, which is the agency we've been 1 2 talking about? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 3 No. 4 Now, the case was investigated by the ATF THE COURT: 5 and the Chicago Police Department. Have you had any dealings with either the ATF or the 6 7 Chicago Police Department? 8 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 9 THE COURT: The case involves charges that include the 10 use of a firearm. 11 Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 12 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial to 13 either side? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm strongly against the use of 15 firearms, but... 16 THE COURT: When you say you're against the use of 17 firearms, do you mean in an illegal way or any way? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 18 In an illegal way. 19 THE COURT: Pardon? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: In an illegal way. 21 THE COURT: In other words, you don't oppose hunting or 22 anything of that nature? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm opposed to hunting as well. 24 THE COURT: Pardon? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm opposed to hunting as well.

1	THE COURT: Okay. Do you belong to any organizations
2	that are opposed to the use of firearms?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Okay. It's just your own personal view?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: The fact that firearms were used in this
7	case, do you think that would affect your ability to be
8	impartial?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Most likely, yes.
10	THE COURT: Pardon?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: Okay. When I say difficulty to be
13	impartial all right. I'll excuse you. Thank you. I'm going
14	to call one more.
15	THE CLERK: You can go back downstairs to the second
16	floor where you began.
17	Janet McCracken.
18	THE COURT: We'll go right in with you. And again, you
19	are Janet McCracken; is that correct?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Where do you live?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lake Forest.
23	THE COURT: How old are you?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 59.
25	THE COURT: What is your educational background?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a Ph.D.
2	THE COURT: In what area?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Phi I osophy.
4	THE COURT: Okay. And what is your occupation?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a philosophy professor.
6	THE COURT: And where?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lake Forest College.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
10	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He also teaches at Lake Forest
12	Col I ege.
13	THE COURT: What does he teach?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He teaches law, politics and
15	phi I osophy.
16	THE COURT: Is he a lawyer?
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: And has he ever practiced?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: For a while, yeah.
20	THE COURT: And what type of law did he practice when
21	he practiced?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Corporate litigation.
23	THE COURT: Pardon?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Corporate litigation.
25	THE COURT: Okay. He did not do criminal law?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Are there any -- do you have any 3 family members employed in law enforcement currently? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 4 No. 5 THE COURT: How about in the past? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 6 No. 7 THE COURT: Any other lawyers besides your husband in your family? 8 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I'm just thinking. 10 THE COURT: Pardon? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I'm thinking. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Well, they're not close to you 13 anyway? 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Not close to me. 15 THE COURT: Well, that's -- basically what we're 16 looking for is somebody who you associate with quite often. 17 Now, the case was investigated by the Alcohol, tobacco 18 And Firearms agency and the Chicago Police Department. 19 Have you had any specific dealings with either of those 20 agenci es? 21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 22 Now, the case involves charges that include THE COURT: 23 the use of the firearm. 24 Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 25 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Regarding firearm laws, yes. 2 THE COURT: Pardon? 3 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Regarding firearm laws, yes. 4 I'm not sure I understand your response. THE COURT: 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Meaning I think probably firearm 6 laws should be more restrictive. 7 THE COURT: 0kay. But you are -- you think that your 8 views -- well, the firearm laws are what they are, and at the 9 end of the case, I will instruct you as to the applicable law, 10 and it's your obligation as a juror to follow the applicable law 11 regardless of whether you feel that it's too restrictive or not 12 restrictive enough? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Ri ght. 14 THE COURT: You understand that's the --15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Absolutely. 16 THE COURT: And it's up to the judge to do that. lt's 17 the juror's obligation to decide factual issues and determine 18 ... so the question is whether or not you would follow the law. 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 20 THE COURT: And even though you think it might be 21 better to have it different, but a lot of people say "there 22 ought to be a law." Well, if there isn't a law, there isn't 23 one. 24 So you would be prepared to be impartial as far as --25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

1 THE COURT: 0kay. Now, there may be evidence 2 introduced in this case that the defendant may be a member of a 3 group that can be classified as a gang. 4 The Constitution gives us the right to associate with 5 others. There's nothing inherently illegal or wrongful in 6 associating with others, even though it might be classified as a 7 You should not decide any issue of fact solely due to gang. 8 alleged gang membership. 9 Would you be able to do this? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 11 Have you or any close friend or THE COURT: Okay. 12 associate ever been affected by gang violence? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 14 Okay. Under the Constitution, a defendant THE COURT: 15 need not testify in the case, and his silence cannot be used 16 against him. Can you follow this instruction? 17 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 19 THE COURT: It is the government's obligation to prove 20 the charges against the defendant beyond a reasonable doubt. Ιt 21 is not the defendant's obligation to prove his innocence. 22 Can you apply this to the case? In other words, do you 23 have any strong feelings that that shouldn't be the case?

No, I'm fine.

THE COURT: Okay. In evaluating any witness'

PROSPECTI VE JUROR:

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testimony, you should use the same tests regardless of whether 1 2 that witness is a law enforcement officer or some lay witness. 3 Would you be willing to do that? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 4 Yes. 5 THE COURT: In other words, I'm not suggesting that you should not -- you should believe anybody the same amount, but 6 7 you should use -- we all use different tests when you evaluate 8 somebody's telling you a bunch of hokum or whether it's the 9 truth. 10 And the law requires if it's a juror, when they 11 evaluate the testimony of a witness, they use that same test. 12 In other words, is that person being shifty, is he not being 13 shifty, that sort of thing. All right? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (No Response.) 15 THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 16 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 17 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 18 THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 20 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit 21 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 23 24 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 25 THE COURT: When and when?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Maybe 20 years ago in Waukegan	
2	County.	
3	THE COURT: Okay. Do you remember what it was, a	
4	criminal case or a civil case?	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a DUI case.	
6	THE COURT: So did you actually sit and decide the	
7	case?	
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.	
9	THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names	,
10	on the list of witnesses?	
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.	
12	THE COURT: Do you recognize any of the lawyers?	
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.	
14	THE COURT: Do you hold any religious, philosophical	or
15	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in	
16	judgment of another person?	
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.	
18	THE COURT: What is your source for news?	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mostly CNN.	
20	THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I giv	e
21	you even if you disagree with it?	
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.	
23	THE COURT: I think I've already been through that.	
24	Any reason you couldn't be a fair and impartial juror	,
25	in this case?	

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Moving on to is it Myra Reyes?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Where do you live, Ms. Reyes?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Des Plaines, Illinois.
6	THE COURT: How old are you?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 53.
8	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school.
10	THE COURT: And what is your occupation or employment?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a registered financial
12	associate for Wintrust.
13	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Di vorced.
15	THE COURT: What did or does your former husband do?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was a machinist at a factory.
17	THE COURT: Are any of your family members ever
18	employed in law enforcement capacity?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a first cousin who is a
20	lieutenant for Chicago.
21	THE COURT: Chi cago pol i ce?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Do you see him often or on
24	occasi ons?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: On occasi ons.

Anybody employed by the ATF? 1 THE COURT: 0kay. 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 3 THE COURT: Any attorneys in your family? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a second cousin who is an 5 attorney, but I don't know. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Now, the case was investigated by 7 the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms agency and the Chicago Police 8 Department. 9 Have you had any dealings with either agency? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 11 THE COURT: The case involves charges that include the 12 use of a firearm. 13 Do you have any feelings or beliefs including firearm 14 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial to 15 either side in this case? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 17 THE COURT: And I went into somewhat detail involving 18 the membership in a gang. 19 Would you be able to decide any issue of fact solely on 20 the facts and not the influenced unnecessarily by gang 21 membership? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 23 THE COURT: Have you or any close associate been affected by gang violence? 24 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

Under the Constitution, the defendant need 1 THE COURT: 2 not testify in the case, and his silence cannot be used against him. 3 4 Can you follow this instruction? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 5 Yes. Okay. It is the government's obligation to 6 THE COURT: 7 prove the charges beyond a reasonable doubt. It is not the 8 defendant's obligation to prove his innocence. 9 Do you agree with that? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 11 THE COURT: That is the underpinning of our criminal 12 justice system. 13 In evaluating the witness' testimony, would All right. 14 you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness was a 15 law enforcement personnel or a lay witness? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. THE COURT: Have you or any family member ever been 17 18 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 20 THE COURT: And what about have you been a crime 21 victim? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 23 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit 24 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was. I was picked. However, it
3	was settled
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: before it even went to trial.
6	THE COURT: So you didn't get to render a decision?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
8	THE COURT: Do you remember what kind of case it was?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe it was civil.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names
11	on the list of witnesses?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
14	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
15	judgment on another person?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The internet, CNN.com.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I give
20	you even if you disagree with it?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Krystal Travis; is that correct?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Where do you live?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Calumet City.
3	THE COURT: And how old are you?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 41.
5	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bachelor's in psychology.
7	THE COURT: And what is your employment?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: HR operations manager.
9	THE COURT: And what business or what type of business
10	is it?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Recruiting, staffing.
12	THE COURT: A staffing agency?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, supporting a call center and
14	warehouse operations.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Software engineer.
19	THE COURT: Is any of your family employed in law
20	enforcement?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
22	THE COURT: Have you or as far as you know any of your
23	family ever had any dealings with either the Alcohol, Tobacco
24	and Firearm agency or the Chicago Police Department?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1 THE COURT: The case involves charges that include the 2 use of a firearm. 3 Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 4 laws that would make it difficult for you to be fair and impartial to either side in this case? 5 6 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, I do not. 7 THE COURT: Okay. And I talked about a membership in a 8 No issue of fact should be decided solely on the basis of gang. 9 alleged membership in a gang. Can you do that? Can you follow 10 that instruction? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Have you ever -- have you or your family 13 ever been affected by gang violence? 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 15 THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need 16 not testify, and his silence cannot be used against him. Do you have any basis to object to that? 17 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 19 THE COURT: Okay. It is the government's obligation to 20 prove the charges against the defendant beyond a reasonable 21 doubt and not his obligation to prove his innocence. 22 Can you apply that? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Have you or your family member ever been 25 charged with or convicted of a serious crime?

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit,
5	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
10	list of witnesses?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
13	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
14	judgment on another person?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
16	THE COURT: What is your source of news?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mostly CNN.
18	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
19	even if you disagree with it?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and
22	impartial juror in this case?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
24	THE COURT: Okay, Sandra O'Malley. Where do you live?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Elmhurst.

1	THE COURT: How old are you?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 55.
3	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a master's degree.
5	THE COURT: And in what area do you have your master's?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Education.
7	THE COURT: And what is your employment?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a second grade teacher.
9	THE COURT: Are you married?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Widowed.
11	THE COURT: And what did your husband do before he
12	passed away?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was an accountant.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Any members of your family employed
15	in law enforcement?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My ex brother-in-law is a chief of
17	police, and I'm currently dating a retired police officer who
18	also works part time for the police department.
19	THE COURT: And what police department is that?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: North Riverside.
21	THE COURT: Okay. Now, this case was have you or
22	your family member ever had experience with either the good or
23	bad this is the first question with either the ATF or the
24	Chicago Police Department?
25	DDOSDECTIVE HIDOD: I've never had experience with

1 THE COURT: 0kay. So no negative or positive? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: With Chicago, no. 3 THE COURT: Okay. The case involves charges including 4 the use of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs including firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to 5 be impartial to either side in this case? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand that the law is the 8 I aw. 9 THE COURT: Okay. So you would follow the law? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would follow the law. 11 THE COURT: Okay. I take it you and most people do 12 have obviously beliefs and feelings against firearm violence --13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 14 THE COURT: -- so but you would apply the law? 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 16 THE COURT: And -- okay. 17 Now, once again, the Constitution gives us the right to 18 associate with others. There's nothing inherent, illegal or 19 wrongful in associating with a gang, and you should not decide 20 any fact solely due to gang membership. Can you do that? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I cannot decide solely on the 22 membership? 23 THE COURT: Yeah. In other words, we don't want the 24 fact that, say, a person is alleged to have been a member of a 25 gang. Therefore, make it unnecessary for the government to

1 prove the case, see? 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Ri ght. 3 THE COURT: So that's basically what we're getting at. 4 Have you or any of your close friends or associates 5 ever been affected by gang violence? 6 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Under the Constitution, a defendant 8 need not testify in the case, and his silence cannot be used 9 And it's the government's obligation to prove the against him. charges beyond a reasonable doubt, and it is not his obligation 10 11 to prove his innocence. 12 Do you agree with those principles of our justice 13 system? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Okay. In evaluating any witness' 16 testimony, you should use the same tests regarding what that 17 person's status is. 18 In other words, you should use the same tests to 19 evaluate the testimony of a police officer as you do when you 20 evaluate the testimony of any lay witness. Can you do that? 21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Has any member of your family -- you or a 23 member of your family ever been charged with or convicted of a 24 serious crime?

No.

PROSPECTI VE JUROR:

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1 THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim? 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 3 THE COURT: Have you been a party in a lawsuit, either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 4 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 6 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 8 THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the 9 list of witnesses? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 11 Do you have any religious, philosophical or THE COURT: 12 moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in 13 judgment on another? 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 15 THE COURT: What is your usual source for news? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: What is my usual -- what was it? 17 Source for news? I'm sorry, could you repeat that, please? 18 THE COURT: What is your -- how do you obtain your 19 news? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Oh, usually the internet. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I give 22 you even if you might disagree with it? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and 25 impartial juror?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure because I'm dating
2	somebody who is in the police department. I'm not sure that I
3	could I could try to be impartial but
4	THE COURT: Chicago Police Department?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pardon me?
6	THE COURT: You're dating a person in a police
7	department?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. Not in Chicago, but in North
9	Ri versi de.
10	THE COURT: I'm trying to figure out how that would
11	are you talking about a perception or actual, you think you
12	couldn't be fair?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Um
14	THE COURT: Or do you think you might be perceived
15	because you're dating a police officer?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I I guess
17	THE COURT: They're two different things, you know,
18	obvi ousl y.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess I would listen to the
20	facts, but I guess I do have some bias for the police.
21	THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
22	Call one more.
23	THE CLERK: Oksana Fedunyszyn, F-E-D-U-N-Y-S-Z-Y-N.
24	THE COURT: I'm going to ask you can you pronounce for
25	me your name, please.

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Oksana Fedunyszyn.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Fedunyszyn?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Fedunyszyn.
4	THE COURT: Fedunyszyn.
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Where do you live?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I n Chi cago.
8	THE COURT: And let me just ask you a question. Is
9	Eastern European?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Ukrani an.
11	THE COURT: Ukrainian, okay. And what is your age?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 67 on Saturday.
13	THE COURT: Almost happy birthday. I just had a
14	birthday last week so
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Happy birthday.
16	THE COURT: Thank you.
17	What is your educational background?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Bachel or's degree.
19	THE COURT: In what area?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Theater.
21	THE COURT: And what is your occupation or business.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I have two careers. I'm a
23	market researcher and an actor.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Let's take the actor. What kind of
25	roles do you play?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Various roles in theater, TV, film,
2	voi ceover.
3	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Si ngl e.
5	THE COURT: Okay. Any member of your family employed
6	in law enforcement?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: Have you this case was investigated by
9	the ATF and the Chicago Police Department.
10	Have you had dealings with either one of those
11	agenci es?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: With CPD.
13	THE COURT: Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms agency or the
14	Chicago Police Department, have you ever had any dealings with
15	ei ther of those agenci es?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: With CPD.
17	THE COURT: What type of experience have you had?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was attacked twice.
19	THE COURT: The police investigated, was that
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I called them.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They did a report.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Do you have is there anything
24	about that experience you had with the Chicago Police Department
25	that would make it difficult for you to be impartial? They were

one of the investigating agencies in this case. Were you 1 2 treated all right? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was treated very nicely. 4 THE COURT: Okay. So there's nothing negative -- you 5 don't have any negative views of the Chicago police that might 6 affect you in this case? 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 8 Okay. All right. The case involves the THE COURT: 9 use of firearms. 10 Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 11 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I hate firearms in the civil case, 13 but I think I could be impartial. 14 0kay. THE COURT: That's all we ask. 15 Now, the other area I need to question you about is 16 gang membership. There may be evidence that the defendant was a member of a group that's classified as a gang. 17 18 Now, the Constitution gives us all the right to 19 associate generally with whoever we want to. 20 My only question is because there's nothing inherently 21 illegal or wrongful in associating with the gang, no issue in 22 the case should be decided solely on the basis that the person 23 might have been alleged to be a member of a gang. 24 Can you follow that? 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I hope so.

1 THE COURT: All we want to know is it's the 2 government's obligation to prove the case, and they can't prove it just by saying the person's a gang member, therefore, you 3 4 should find him quilty. 5 They have to produce evidence beyond a reasonable doubt 6 that the defendant is guilty of what's charged. 7 Do you understand what I'm asking you? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand that. 9 THE COURT: Can you do that? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I say I hope so --11 THE COURT: All right. 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: -- only because my 90-year-old 13 uncle was attacked and robbed at gunpoint by a gang member. 14 MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, Your Honor, may we have a 15 si debar? 16 THE COURT: All right. 17 No, I don't -- do we need her? 18 MR. HYMAN: No. 19 THE COURT: You can stay there. You can stay in your 20 seat. We don't need you. 21 (At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.) 22 I think, Judge, that for her to keep MR. HYMAN: 23 expressing her position as to -- as to --24 THE COURT: Well, the next question would have been 25 about gang violence, and she's already answered that question.

1	MR. HYMAN: Also, she said she was a victim.
2	THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse her, how is that?
3	Would that solve the problem?
4	(In open court in the hearing of the jury.)
5	THE COURT: I think based on your response, I'll excuse
6	you.
7	(Prospective juror exits the courtroom.)
8	THE CLERK: Cameron Smith.
9	THE COURT: You are Cameron Smith; is that correct?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Where do you live?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Chicago, Illinois.
13	THE COURT: How old are you?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 34.
15	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a master's in education and
17	communication disorders.
18	THE COURT: And what is your occupation or business?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Speech Language pathologist for
20	Chi cago Public Schools.
21	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nope, single.
23	THE COURT: Is any of your family, as far as you know,
24	employed in law enforcement?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1 THE COURT: Have you had any experiences, negative or 2 positive, with either the Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearm agency and 3 the Chicago Police Department? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have filed two police reports to 5 the Chicago PD for my car being broken into, and then another 6 man attacked my car while I was in it. 7 THE COURT: 0kay. Those are your --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They were both positive. It was 9 fi ne. 10 THE COURT: So was your experience with the Chicago 11 Police Department okay then? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So you don't have any negative feel i ngs? 14 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Basically I want to know if you had 17 any -- I know -- I understand you would have -- you might have 18 had experiences, but they were positive or at least not 19 negative; is that correct? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 21 THE COURT: 0kay. Now, the case involves the charges 22 and the use of firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs 23 concerning firearm laws that would make it difficult or 24 impossible for you to be impartial to either side in this case?

No.

PROSPECTI VE JUROR:

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1 THE COURT: Okay. And again, about gang membership, 2 can you leave that out as far as a deciding factor in any fact 3 i ssue? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I believe so. 5 THE COURT: Have you ever been affected by gang 6 vi ol ence? 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Indirectly. I work at schools, and 8 there have been times I've been on, like, lockdown with gang 9 violence in the neighborhood, but nothing directly. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Now, would that experience affect 11 you in this case? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe so. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Under the Constitution, the 14 defendant need not testify, and his silence cannot be used 15 against him. And it's the government's obligation to prove the 16 case beyond a reasonable doubt, not his obligation to prove his 17 i nnocence. 18 Can you follow those principles? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 20 THE COURT: In evaluating the witness' testimony, will 21 you use the same tests or you will be instructed you should use 22 the same tests in evaluating the testimony of a lay witness as 23 you use in a law enforcement official and vice versa.

Yes.

Can you do that?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR:

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1	THE COURT: You or any family member have been charged
2	or convicted of a serious crime?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Other than the
6	THE COURT: Okay, the two instances
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
8	THE COURT: where you
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Other than that, no.
10	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit as
11	either a plaintiff or a defendant?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names in the
16	list of witnesses?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work with a family, the
18	Segovianos, that may be related, but I didn't recognize the two
19	names that you did list.
20	THE COURT: What was the name?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Segoviano was the last name. The
22	two names I did not
23	THE COURT: Yeah.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: recognize, but the family name.
25	THE COURT: You recognized that, the family name, but

1	you're not
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: But I do not know if they are of
3	any relation.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Let's see, where was I?
5	Do you hold any religious, philosophical or moral
6	beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in judgment
7	of another person?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: What is your source for news, usual source
10	for news?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: MSNBC News or the Times.
12	THE COURT: All right. Will you follow the law I give
13	you even if you disagree with it?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: Thank you.
18	Next gentleman is Nicholas Sevenich. Did I pronounce
19	it right?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Where do you live?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yorkville.
23	THE COURT: How old are you?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 20.
25	THE COURT: What is your educational background?

	Sur y Ser cett on
1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I will be a junior in college next
2	year.
3	THE COURT: Where are you going?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: University of Iowa.
5	THE COURT: Hawkeye, huh?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yep.
7	THE COURT: Are you married?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am single, no.
9	THE COURT: Okay. What is your current occupation
10	or
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a summer job.
12	THE COURT: What is that?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Menards warehouse distribution
14	center.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any family members in
16	law enforcement?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not currently, but my uncle is
18	retired. He retired like a couple years ago.
19	THE COURT: From where?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: North Aurora.
21	THE COURT: Police department?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Uh-huh.
23	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with either
24	the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

The charges involve -- include the use of a 1 THE COURT: 2 fi rearm. 3 Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 4 laws that Would make it difficult for you to be impartial? 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. THE COURT: How about gang membership, can you leave 6 7 that distinct as far as a factor -- a decisional factor? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can leave it out, yeah. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected by gang 10 vi ol ence? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 11 No. 12 THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need 13 not testify, and his silence can't be used against him. 14 the government's obligation to prove him guilty beyond a 15 reasonable doubt and not his obligation to prove his innocence. 16 Do you have any objection to that? 17 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 18 THE COURT: In evaluating the testimony of the witness, 19 you should use the same tests regarding the believability of a 20 witness, whether they're a law enforcement or a lay witness. 21 Can you do that? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 23 THE COURT: Have you or any family member been charged 24 with or convicted of a serious crime? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1	THE COURT: What about crime victim? Have you ever
2	been a crime victim?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit,
5	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
10	list of witnesses?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Do you hold any religious, philosophical or
13	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
14	judgment of another?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
16	THE COURT: What is your source for the news?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't really watch the news, so,
18	like, probably just my phone, I'd say.
19	THE COURT: In other words, the internet?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Will you follow the law as I give it to you
22	even if you disagree with it?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1	-	THE COURT:	The nex	ct if lady is Marilyn Rebus?
2	ſ	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	Yes, sir.
3	-	THE COURT:	Where c	lo you live?
4	F	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	Lisle, Illinois.
5	-	THE COURT:	How old	l are you?
6	ı	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	65.
7	-	THE COURT:	What is	s your educational background?
8	ı	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	I have a bachelor's in education.
9	-	THE COURT:	And wha	at is your business or occupation?
10	ſ	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	I'm a retired schoolteacher.
11	-	THE COURT:	What di	d you teach when you taught?
12	ı	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	Thi rd grade.
13	-	THE COURT:	0kay.	Are you married?
14	ſ	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	Yes.
15	-	THE COURT:	What do	oes your spouse do?
16	ſ	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	He's a project manager for a phone
17	company.			
18	-	THE COURT:	0kay.	Any of your family in law
19	enforcemen	nt?		
20	ļ ,	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	I have in two brothers-in-laws that
21	are retire	ed.		
22	-	THE COURT:	Where?	
23	ļ ,	PROSPECTI VE	JUROR:	In Broadview and somewhere down by
24	Kankakee.			
25	-	THE COURT:	0kay.	Have you ever had any dealings with

1	the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: When I say dealing, you know okay.
4	Now, the case involves charges include the use of a
5	firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm
6	laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: What about gang membership?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever been affected by
11	gang vi ol ence?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need
14	not testify, and his silence can't be used against him. And
15	it's the government obligation to prove him guilty beyond a
16	reasonable doubt, not his obligation to prove his innocence.
17	Do you have any objection to that?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Will you evaluate the witnesses' testimony
20	using the same tests whether they're law enforcement or lay
21	wi tnesses?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Have you or your family member ever been
24	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Have you been a party to a lawsuit, either
4	as a plaintiff or a defendant?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
8	THE COURT: When and where?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: DuPage County about five years ago.
10	THE COURT: What kind of case did you hear?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a civil case.
12	THE COURT: Somebody was asking for money damages?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Was it an accident or something
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. They fell on someone's
16	property.
17	THE COURT: All right. Did you actually decide the
18	case?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names
21	on the list of witnesses?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Who?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Steve Greene, but I know it's very
25	common. I don't know if it's

1 THE COURT: Your Steve Greene, do you know what any --2 what would -- I said that could be common. What is your Steve 3 Greene, do you know? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was -- he taught band to my 4 5 chi I dren. THE COURT: I assume that's probably not the same one. 6 7 MS. BABU: No. 8 THE COURT: Okay. That's not the same one. 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Okay. Just wanted to check. 10 THE COURT: Okay. That's good. 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: There's many. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. You were listening. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Let's see, where was I? 15 Do you have any religious, philosophical or moral 16 beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in judgment 17 of another person? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 19 THE COURT: What is your source of news? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The television stations. 21 THE COURT: Which one specifically do you watch? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Usually Channel 5. 23 THE COURT: All right. Will you follow the law that I 24 give to you even if you disagree with it? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair? 1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 2 No. 3 THE COURT: All right. Would you pass that back to Mr. Johnson? 4 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 6 THE COURT: All right. I take it you're a Blackhawk 7 fan. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Trying to be. 9 THE COURT: It wasn't that great of a year, though, was 10 it? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 12 THE COURT: All right. You are Willie Johnson; is that 13 right, sir? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Where do you live? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Homewood. 17 THE COURT: How old are you? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 55. 19 THE COURT: What is your educational background? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a year and a half of 21 col I ege. 22 THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a retired correctional lieutenant from Stateville Correctional Center. 24 25 THE COURT: Which one did you work at?

#### Jury Selection PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I worked at --1 2 THE COURT: Stateville? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Joliet, Stateville. 4 THE COURT: Okay, Stateville. When did you retire? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's coming up on two years in July 6 now. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Are you married? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 9 THE COURT: What does your wife do? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's retired -- well, she's a 11 consultant before she retired. 12 THE COURT: What type of consultant was she? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That, I still don't know to this 14 day. 15 (Laughter.) 16 THE COURT: Any of your family in law enforcement? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My son also, he worked at 17 18 Stateville. He no longer works there now. 19 THE COURT: Okay. So the two of you, you and your 20 son --21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 22 THE COURT: -- were correctional guards --23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 24 THE COURT: -- officers.

Have you had dealings with the ATF and the Chicago

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Police Department -- or the Chicago Police Department? 1 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 3 THE COURT: Okay. You don't have any experiences with 4 either of those groups that are negative in your mind; is that 5 ri ght? No. Actually I worked -- in the 6 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 7 military, I was with U.S. Customs. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Now, the case involves the use of 9 firearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 10 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 12 THE COURT: What about gang membership, can you leave 13 that out as a deciding factor? What we're saying is that you 14 shouldn't decide a fact solely on the fact -- the fact that, 15 say, a person may be alleged to have been a gang member. 16 In other words, the government still has the obligation 17 to prove the case. They can't just say he's a gang member, and 18 therefore, he should find -- will you do that, make sure the 19 government proves him guilty? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 21 THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been affected by 22 gang vi ol ence? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not directly. 24 THE COURT: Okay. What about you've been in 25 Stateville. And I assume they've probably had some gang members

1	down there.
2	Is there anything about your experiences there which
3	would make it which would affect you in here?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, they didn't give me any issues.
5	I treated everybody the same, so I had no issues.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Will you use same test in evaluating
7	the testimony of law enforcement as you use for other witnesses
8	and vice versa?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
11	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: What about have you been a crime victim?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Besides having two vehicles stolen
15	from me, no.
16	THE COURT: Okay. In other words, those are did you
17	ever get them back?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, never seen them.
19	THE COURT: I imagine they've been taken down and
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
21	THE COURT: Let's see, where was I?
22	Have you been a party to a lawsuit, either as a
23	plaintiff or a defendant?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Have you been on jury duty before?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 2 THE COURT: When and where? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was here. Right after 9-11, 4 there was a Chicago police officer that got thrown off the plane 5 for being unruly on the plane. 6 THE COURT: And there was a case -- he brought a case 7 against some -- or a civil suit or --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was against a steward. He was 9 unruly towards a steward. 10 All right. And so you actually THE COURT: 11 participated in the jury case and made a decision? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 13 THE COURT: And that was back in 2001? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, probably about, yeah, after 15 that. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names 17 on the list of witnesses? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 19 Do you hold any religious, philosophical or THE COURT: 20 moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in 21 judgment of another person? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 23 THE COURT: What is your source of news? 24 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Fox. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I give

1	to you even if	f you di sagree	with it?
2	PR0SP	PECTI VE JUROR:	Yes.
3	THE C	COURT: Any re	ason you couldn't be fair?
4	PR0SP	PECTI VE JUROR:	No.
5	THE C	COURT: All ri	ght. The next person is Corey
6	Barnett?		
7	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	Yes, sir.
8	THE C	COURT: Where	do you live, sir?
9	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	Shorewood.
10	THE C	COURT: And ho	w old are you?
11	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	I'm 27.
12	THE C	COURT: What i	s your educational background?
13	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	High school diploma.
14	THE C	COURT: And wh	at is your business or occupation?
15	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	I am a steam plant engineer.
16	THE C	COURT: And wh	at does that involve?
17	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	Oh, I run high-pressure boilers
18	for Argonne Na	ational Lab.	
19	THE C	COURT: Okay.	Are you married?
20	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	No.
21	THE C	COURT: All ri	ght. Any of your family employed in
22	law enforcemen	nt?	
23	PROSP	PECTI VE JUROR:	No.
24	THE C	COURT: Have y	ou ever had any dealings with the
25	Al cohol, Tobac	cco and Firear	m agency or the Chicago Police

1	Department?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Now, the case involves charges that include
4	the use of firearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs
5	regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to
6	be impartial?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
8	THE COURT: Okay. What about gang membership, can you
9	leave that out of the equation as far as deciding the case?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been affected by
12	gang vi ol ence?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need
15	not testify in a case, and his silence can't be used against
16	him. And it's the government's obligation to prove the charges
17	against him beyond a reasonable doubt, and it's not his
18	obligation to prove his innocence.
19	Can you follow those instructions?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: All right. Will you evaluate a witness'
22	testimony using the same tests regardless whether the witness is
23	law enforcement or a lay witness?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Have you or any family member been charged

1	with or convicted of a serious crime?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was mugged two years ago, but I
5	didn't pursue anything with it so
6	THE COURT: Okay. That happened where did that
7	happen?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Outside a bar in Joliet.
9	THE COURT: Okay. Nothing about that experience would
10	affect you in this case?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
13	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
18	list of witnesses?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Do you hold any relation, philosophical or
21	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
22	judgment of another person?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
24	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The Chicago Tribune newspaper and

	Jury Sel ection
1	NPR.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I give
3	you even if you disagree with it?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe so, no.
7	THE COURT: Thank you.
8	The next gentleman is Brian Velo?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Vel o.
10	THE COURT: Velo.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Good Morning, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I live in Evanston, Illinois.
14	THE COURT: How old are you?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 38.
16	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bachelor's degree in business.
18	THE COURT: And what is your occupation or business?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Relate outsourcing.
20	THE COURT: What does that involve?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Companies come to us and ask us to
22	take over their real estate departments.
23	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I am.
25	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: House mom, housewife. 2 THE COURT: Has she worked? 3 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: She has. She worked for Blue Cross 4 Blue Shield and Accenture. Okay. Any member of your family in law 5 THE COURT: 6 enforcement? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 7 No. 8 THE COURT: Have you personally ever had any dealings 9 with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No to the ATF, but yes, to the 11 Chicago Police Department. 12 What dealings -- let me ask, first of all, THE COURT: 13 were they negative or positive or... 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Unfortunately, a negative 15 experi ence. My home was broken into while my wife and I were 16 We lived in the City at the time. And our home was sl eepi ng. 17 broken into, and the police department was very slow to respond. 18 THE COURT: All right. Now, would that -- now, the 19 Chicago Police Department is one of the investigative agencies 20 on this. 21 Would that in any way, shape or form affect your 22 ability to be fair in this case to both sides? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hopefully not if they did a better 24 job investigating than they did for me. 25 THE COURT: 0kay.

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Because, they never -- Your Honor, 2 they never caught the person so ... 3 THE COURT: All right. But your point is that you will 4 evaluate the testimony as to its believability; is that right? 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. THE COURT: But you wouldn't decide the case against 6 7 the government solely because the Chicago Police Department is 8 involved in the case? 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Correct. 10 THE COURT: All right. Now, the case involves charges 11 including the use of firearms. 12 Do you have any feelings and beliefs regarding firearm 13 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial? 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 15 THE COURT: What about gang membership? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, if the gang is a violent 17 gang, yes. 18 THE COURT: Let me -- well, I don't want to get too 19 much in detail, but I'm tried to explain a little bit what I'm 20 talking about. I'm not saying that gang membership is not 21 relevant -- may not be -- may not be irrelevant, but the fact 22 that it could be irrelevant. 23 And the point of the matter is that it's the

government's obligation to prove the underlying facts beyond a

reasonable doubt, and it shouldn't -- they shouldn't be able to

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1	short-circuit their proof obligations because they can charge
2	that a person is a member of a gang.
3	Am I making myself reasonably clear?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You are. But if they can prove
5	that he was part of a gang and part of a violent gang, then
6	violence could be a factor in deciding my decision.
7	MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, may we have a sidebar?
8	THE COURT: I'll excuse you, sir. I think that will
9	thank you.
10	Call one more.
11	THE CLERK: David Mei, M-E-I.
12	THE COURT: Good morning. Your name is David Mei?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mei like the month.
14	THE COURT: Mei, okay.
15	Where do you live, sir?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Oak Park.
17	THE COURT: How old are you?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 28.
19	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Bachel or's.
21	THE COURT: In what?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Music performance.
23	THE COURT: Okay. And what is your business or
24	occupati on?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm in commercial insurance.

1	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a Kindergarten teacher.
5	THE COURT: All right. Any members of your family in
6	law enforcement?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My wife's uncle, yes.
8	THE COURT: What was he what was his position?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was maybe a lieutenant with the
10	Aurora Police Department.
11	THE COURT: Okay. He's retired now, it sounds like?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, he's retired.
13	THE COURT: Now, the case was investigated by the ATF
14	and the Chicago Police Department.
15	Have you had dealings with either of these agencies?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: Okay. The case involves charges that
18	include the use of firearms. Do you have feelings or beliefs
19	regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to
20	be impartial on either side on this case?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
22	THE COURT: And what about gang membership, can you
23	leave that out of the equation as far as it being a deciding
24	factor?
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1	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been affected by
2	gang vi ol ence?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. My wife's cousin was
4	assassinated here in Chicago.
5	THE COURT: Okay. When did that happen?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: This happened four months ago.
7	THE COURT: Would that make it difficult for you to be
8	fair in this case?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Now, under the Constitution, the
11	defendant need not testify in a case, and his silence can't be
12	used against him. And the government has the obligation to
13	prove the charges beyond a reasonable doubt, and it's not his
14	obligation to prove his innocence.
15	Do you have any objection to those
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: pri nci pl es?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Will you evaluate witnesses' testimony
20	using the same tests regardless of whether it's a law
21	enforcement personnel or a layman?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
23	THE COURT: Have you or any family member ever been
24	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Have you been a party to a lawsuit, either
4	as a plaintiff or a defendant?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, 10 years ago in DuPage County.
8	THE COURT: What kind of case did you hear?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR:
10	THE COURT: You were called for jury duty?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
12	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names in the
13	list of witnesses?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
16	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
17	judgment on another person?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: What is your source of news?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The internet and NPR.
21	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
22	even if you disagree with it?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and
25	impartial juror in this case?
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1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: All right. I think maybe we have a
3	sidebar. Can you step over here, sir, for just a minute?
4	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
5	THE COURT: Can you expound a little bit on this the
6	matter with the gang killing your brother?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. So my wife's cousin, he was
8	in a gang. And then from there, he left, he was cleaning up
9	he was cleaning up his life. And then when he was in his car,
10	he was assassi nated.
11	THE COURT: It happened four months ago?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah, roughly.
13	THE COURT: You said you could that would not affect
14	your judgment in this case; is that correct?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, it would not affect.
16	THE COURT: Have any questions?
17	MR. PISSETZKY: Mr. Mei now, I completely lost my
18	train of thought. Were you close to the man?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I wasn't, but my wife was.
20	MR. PISSETZKY: Okay. And did she go did you guys
21	go to the funeral?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. PISSETZKY: Was she affected by it?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. PISSETZKY: And obviously she's your wife, right?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Uh-huh. 2 MR. PISSETZKY: So it affects the dynamics of the home? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, yeah. 4 MR. PISSETZKY: Okay. So how is it that it's not going 5 to affect you here when it affects you at home? 6 Well, I mean, it's just like it's I PROSPECTI VE JUROR: didn't know him as closely as she did him. So it's just like 7 8 it's a sad case, but I mean, like, I'm kind of removed from it. 9 But like, I mean, I feel sadness for them. But it's just like 10 it's, I mean... 11 I'm sorry, go ahead. MR. PISSETZKY: 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: That's pretty much it. 13 MR. PISSETZKY: So when you go home and you tell your 14 wife that you're here and you're going to hear a case about a 15 shooting with a gang member, is that not going to affect you? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. You can take your seat 18 back there. 19 (In open court in the hearing of the jury.) 20 THE COURT: I believe the next question I was going to 21 ask you is -- you said there isn't any reason you can't be a 22 fair and impartial juror. Is that right, sir? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. Let's see, we go back to my regular list. I believe the next lady is Martha Avila? 25

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Where do you live, Ms. Avila?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Zi on.
4	THE COURT: And how old are you?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 49.
6	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Hi gh school.
8	THE COURT: And what is your occupation or business?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Planning manager for a contract
10	manufacturer.
11	THE COURT: And what is the contract man what type
12	of business is it?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We do blending and filling for
14	health and beauty aids.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's in the paving industry.
19	THE COURT: Anybody in your family employed in law
20	enforcement?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
22	THE COURT: Any attorneys in your family?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
24	THE COURT: Now, have you ever had dealings with the
25	ATF or the Chicago Police Department?

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Now, the case involves the use of firearms.
3	Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm
4	laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial to
5	either side in this case?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: And what about gang membership, can you
8	leave that out of the equation?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Yes, you can, or
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I cannot leave it out.
12	THE COURT: The question is that could be a deciding
13	factor to you; is that right?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Okay. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
16	(Prospective juror exits the courtroom.)
17	THE CLERK: Leah Lasky.
18	THE COURT: You are Leah Lasky?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Where do you live?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Kenilworth.
22	THE COURT: How old are you?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 35.
24	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a master's in education.

1	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
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2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am a stay-at-home mom of three
3	toddlers.
4	THE COURT: When you prior to being a stay-at-home
5	mom, what did you do?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I cared for my children.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Prior to having children
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Oh, oh. I was a nanny.
9	THE COURT: You were a what?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: A nanny.
11	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
14	THE DEFENDANT: He's in sales.
15	THE COURT: What does he sell?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He sells food service to
17	corporati ons.
18	THE COURT: All right. Any of your family members
19	employed in law enforcement?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
21	THE COURT: All right. Have you had personally any
22	dealings with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
24	THE COURT: The case involves the use of firearms. Do
25	you have feelings concerning firearm laws that would make it

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1	difficult for you to be impartial in the case?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm extremely against firearms.
3	THE COURT: Pardon?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm against firearms.
5	THE COURT: I know, but would that would you be able
6	to follow my instructions as to the law?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah, yes.
8	THE COURT: Okay. So you don't feel so strongly that
9	you would automatically find a person guilty because they were
10	using, for example, a firearm?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I actually would. I'm against
12	them.
13	THE COURT: Okay. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
14	(Prospective juror exits the courtroom.)
15	THE COURT: The next one.
16	THE CLERK: Eric Sweeney.
17	THE COURT: You are Eric Sweeney; is that correct?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
19	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago.
21	THE COURT: How old are you?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 35.
23	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Master's in computer science.
25	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Software engi neer.
2	THE COURT: And do you work for a specific company?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a health tech company.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, single.
6	THE COURT: Any of your family employed in law
7	enforcement?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: Have you ever had any experiences with the
10	ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Okay. The case involves the use of
13	firearms.
14	Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm
15	laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: And what about gang membership, can you
18	again as a the fact that a person may be associated with a
19	gang does not relieve the government from the obligation of
20	proving beyond a reasonable doubt. Can you do that?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Have you ever been associated with gang
23	vi ol ence?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
25	THE COURT: Now, under the Constitution, the defendant

need not testify, and his silence cannot be used against him. 1 2 And the government has the obligation to prove the charges 3 against him beyond a reasonable doubt, and it is not his 4 obligation to prove his innocence. 5 Can you follow those principles? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 6 Yes. 7 THE COURT: In evaluating a witness' testimony, will 8 you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a 9 law enforcement official or a lay witness? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 11 THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 12 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 14 THE COURT: How about were you a crime victim or have 15 you been a crime victim? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Car broken into like 10 years ago 17 but --18 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit 19 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 21 Have you been on jury duty before? THE COURT: 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was called, like, five years ago, 23 but they settled before selection. 24 THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the 25 list of witnesses?

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
3	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
4	judgment on another person?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: What is your source of news?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Internet, NPR.
8	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
9	even if you disagree with it?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Thank you. Could you pass. The next Lady
14	is Ella Hansen?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Where do you live?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Frankfort, Illinois.
18	THE COURT: And how old are you?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 64.
20	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Some college. I did not graduate.
22	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm working part-time as a cashier
24	at Dollar Tree.
25	THE COURT: All right. Have you had other occupations

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1	during your life?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: What other kind of businesses or work did
4	you do?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a long time. I was a
6	stay-at-home mom. I also worked as cashier.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's retired.
11	THE COURT: From what?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was a sleep sleep
13	technol ogi st.
14	THE COURT: What is that?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mainly apnea. They
16	THE COURT: He studied that or he would have worked
17	with people?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He, you know, read the scores
19	and
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: things like that.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Any member of your family employed
23	in law enforcement?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
25	THE COURT: What about have you ever had any specific

1	dealings with the Chicago Police Department or the Alcohol,
2	Tobacco & Firearms agency?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago pol i ce.
4	THE COURT: What type of experience have you had with
5	them?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No arrests. It was, you know
7	THE COURT: You got a ticket or something?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. Well
9	THE COURT: Let me ask this. Have you ever had any
10	negative experiences with the Chicago Police Department?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Negative and positive. It wasn't
12	terribly negative. It wasn't terribly negative. It was I
13	got as a kid, I took part I was invited to a shaving cream
14	fight, and they threw me in the car and took me to the police
15	stati on.
16	THE COURT: Okay. That wouldn't affect you today,
17	would it?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not terribly.
19	(Laughter.)
20	THE COURT: All right. How about the use of firearms?
21	Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm laws that
22	would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so, but I really
24	don't have good feelings about how easy it is for people to get

firearms.

1 THE COURT: Yeah, but that's the law. 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 3 THE COURT: Now, we all agree that -- you know, a lot 4 of people agree the law should be changed, and it's not changed. 5 But that doesn't change. 6 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I understand. 7 THE COURT: But we have to apply the law in the court. 8 Would you have any problem with applying the law? 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I don't think so. 10 THE COURT: All right. Now, what about gang 11 membership? Again, a person has a constitutional right to 12 associate generally with whoever a person wants to, and the only 13 thing is that if a person has been designated as a member of a 14 gang or alleged to be a member of a gang, it could, if a person 15 is so motivated against gangs that they would say, okay, if he's 16 a gang member, therefore, he has to be guilty, therefore, the 17 government doesn't need to prove the charges. 18 Now, we're looking for people who will take that 19 position, but will require the government to prove the charges 20 even though it may come out that a person is a member of a gang. 21 Can you do that? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand it, yes. 23 THE COURT: Okay. Can you do that, I guess, is the

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

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1 THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been affected by 2 gang violence yourself? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Only -- not directly. Just by, you 4 know, you can't go there because there's violation. 5 THE COURT: All right. Under the Constitution, the 6 defendant need not testify, and his silence can't be used 7 against him. And it's the government's obligation to prove him quilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and it's not his obligation to 8 9 prove his innocence. 10 Do you have any objection to those basic tenets of our 11 criminal justice system? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 13 THE COURT: Will you evaluate a witness' testimony 14 using the same tests whether the person is a police officer, for 15 example, or a lay witness? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 17 18 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Family members, DUI. 20 THE COURT: You have family member of DUI, is that --21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 22 THE COURT: How long ago did it happen? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 10 years. 24 THE COURT: All right. That wouldn't affect your 25 ability to be -- to be fair in this case, would it?

1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: All right.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Don't think so.
4	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I got I lost some purses over
6	the years, one time at knifepoint. The house I grew up was
7	broken in two, three times. Otherwise, no.
8	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been a party to a
9	lawsuit, either as a plaintiff, the person bringing the suit, or
10	the defendant, the person who is being sued?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know if post-divorce
12	fighting counts, but otherwise, no.
13	THE COURT: You were in a divorce?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My parents were in divorce.
15	THE COURT: Oh, your parents were in divorce.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: And I had to go in
17	THE COURT: All right.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: but I don't presume that case.
19	THE COURT: You haven't been you were not a party to
20	that.
21	Your parents had a divorce and you were perhaps a
22	witness. Is that essentially it?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, yes, something like that.
24	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was I was called to jury duty.

1	I was not on a jury.
2	THE COURT: All right. Did you recognize any of the
3	names on the list of witnesses that I read?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
5	THE COURT: Do you hold any religious, philosophical or
6	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
7	judgment of another person?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess not.
9	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Usually CNN.
11	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
12	even if you disagree with it?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and
15	impartial juror in this case?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
17	THE COURT: Thank you. Would you pass to I believe
18	Delia Douglas.
19	MR. HYMAN: Judge, can we have a sidebar?
20	THE COURT: Yeah.
21	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
22	MR. PISSETZKY: Her answer about the gangs was very
23	hesitant and she was not
24	THE COURT: Well, the problem with the question is
25	nobody's in favor of gangs, and it makes it very difficult. And

1	you just have to parse what she says. That's up to you, you
2	know, if you think you know, think that it's a difficult
3	questi on.
4	MR. HYMAN: I think the last response that she had as
5	to can you be fair, she said sort of I guess not, I think so,
6	maybe. She sort of
7	THE COURT: That's why you get peremptories on it.
8	That's why you get peremptories.
9	(In open court in the hearing of the jury.)
10	THE COURT: Okay. The next lady is Delia Douglas; is
11	that correct?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Where do you live?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Arlington Heights.
15	THE COURT: How old are you?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 21.
17	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm obtaining my bachelor's.
19	THE COURT: That means you're still a student?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I'm going to be a senior.
21	THE COURT: Where?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Marquette.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Are you employed this summer in
24	between?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I have an internship right

	Jury Selection
1	now.
2	THE COURT: What are you interning in?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: With the park district in a speech
4	pathol ogy office.
5	THE COURT: Okay. What is your major? What are you
6	studyi ng?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Speech pathology and audiology.
8	THE COURT: Are you married?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Any of your family employed in law
11	enforcement?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have five cousins and my uncle's
13	an attorney.
14	THE COURT: Where?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Chi cago and New York.
16	THE COURT: All around?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, they're all around.
18	THE COURT: All right. Have you personally ever had
19	any dealings with the ATF, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearm agency,
20	which is a federal agency, and the Chicago Police Department?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
22	THE COURT: All right. The case involves charges
23	including the use of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or
24	heliefs regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult for

you to be impartial to either side of this case?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 2 THE COURT: All right. And what about gang membership? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I would be biased towards 4 the... 5 THE COURT: You would be -- you would find it 6 impossible to decide this case without using the -- basically 7 the question is, you know, the government has the obligation to 8 prove beyond a reasonable doubt, and the mere fact that a person 9 is a member of a gang is not itselfillegal and doesn't nec --10 so it should not relieve the government the obligation of 11 proving the case. Can you do that? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I understand that, but I think 13 it would be more difficult. I have a bias. 14 THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you. 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Thank you. 16 (Prospective juror exits the courtroom.) 17 THE CLERK: Andrea McKendrick. 18 THE COURT: You are Andrea McKendrick? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Andrea, yeah. 20 THE COURT: Where do you live? 21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: El mhurst. 22 THE COURT: How old are you? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 34. 24 THE COURT: What is your educational background? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a master's in reading.

1 THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation? 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I'm a high school psychology and 3 geography teacher. 4 All right. Are you married? THE COURT: 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 6 THE COURT: What does your spouse do? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A high school science teacher. 8 THE COURT: All right. Anybody in your family employed in law enforcement? 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 10 No. 11 THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF 12 or the Chicago Police Department? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 14 THE COURT: Now, the case involves the use -- the 15 charge of firearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs 16 regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult or 17 impossible for you to be fair and impartial? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 19 THE COURT: Now, there may be evidence introduced in 20 the case the defendant may be a member of a group that can be 21 classified as a gang, and the Constitution gives him the right 22 to associate with others. 23 There's nothing inherently illegal or wrongful in 24 associating with a gang. You should not decide any issue of

fact solely due to alleged gang membership. Can you do that?

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PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 1 Yes. 2 THE COURT: Have you ever been affected by gang 3 vi ol ence? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 4 No. 5 THE COURT: Under the Constitution, a defendant need 6 not testify in the case, and his silence can't be used against 7 him, and the government has the obligation to prove the charges 8 beyond a reasonable doubt. It is not the defendant's obligation 9 to prove his innocence. Can you apply these facts --10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 11 THE COURT: -- principles? 12 Can you evaluate a witness' testimony using the same 13 tests regardless of whether the witness is a law enforcement 14 official or a lay witness? 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Have you or your family member been charged 17 with or convicted of a serious crime? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 18 No. 19 THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 21 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit, 22 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 24 THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1 THE COURT: Do you recognize any of the names on the list of witnesses? 2 3 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 4 Do you have any religious, philosophical or THE COURT: 5 moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in 6 judgment on another? 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 8 THE COURT: What is your source for news? 9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: CNN. 10 THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you 11 even if you disagree with it? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 13 THE COURT: Any reason you can't be fair? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do struggle with eyewitness 15 testimony based on my psychology background. I struggle to 16 trust it at times. 17 THE COURT: Well, I mean, that's you... as long as you 18 use the same tests in evaluating the witnesses' testimony. You 19 can't pick and choose. 20 And so basically what we want to make sure is that you use the same -- well, first of all, you'll be instructed of what 21 22 different factors you should consider in evaluating a witness' 23 testimony, and you should use those because that's the law. And

but you should use the same ones regardless of who's doing what.

Yes.

PROSPECTI VE JUROR:

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Okay. Can you do that? 1 THE COURT: 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah. 3 THE COURT: I think what we'll do, while the lawyers 4 are considering the matter, we'll take a 10-minute recess. 5 Please, you folks return to your seats up here and everybody else return by 20 after 12:00 and the lawyers may then consider. 6 7 (Recess at 12:10 p.m., until 12:26 p.m.) 8 THE CLERK: All rise. 9 THE COURT: Ms. Reyes, Mr. Sevenich, Ms. McCracken, Mr. Sweeney and Ms. McKendrick will be excused. Thank you. 10 11 What should they do? 12 THE CLERK: Everyone that was dismissed can go back to 13 the second floor where you started. MR. PISSETZKY: Judge, Your Honor, may we approach? 14 15 THE COURT: I think I missed one. Did I say --16 MR. PLSSETZKY: 16? 17 THE COURT: Just a minute, let me. Oh, excuse me, 18 Mr. Mei is excused. I'm sorry. 19 Then there -- so there should be six. Travis, Rebus, 20 Johnson, Barnett, Hansen, Smith. Is that everybody? Is that 21 six? Would you all rise and be sworn, please. 22 (Jury members sworn.) 23 THE COURT: Would you folks get in the back row and 24 call six more. 25 (Venire sworn.)

1	THE CLERK: Colleen McBrady, Melanie Saunders, Chrystal
2	Lee, Bonnie Kwasny, Lisa Wilson and Frank Onesto.
3	THE COURT: The first lady is Colleen McBrady?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Where do you live?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Frankfort, Illinois.
7	THE COURT: Pardon.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Frankfort Illinois.
9	THE COURT: How old are you?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 22.
11	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a bachelor's in special
13	educati on.
14	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a special education teacher.
16	THE COURT: Where do you teach?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lincoln-Way High School.
18	THE COURT: Are you married?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Any of your family employed in law
21	enforcement?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: An uncle an uncle who was
23	retired.
24	THE COURT: Wait a minute. Somehow you
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Oh. An uncle, he's retired at the

1	Las Vegas Police Department.
2	THE COURT: All right. Any attorneys in your family?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Sorry?
4	THE COURT: Any attorneys, lawyers in your family, l
5	guess?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever had any dealings
8	with either the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms agency, which is a
9	federal agency, and the Chicago Police Department?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: All right. The case involves charges
12	including the use of firearms.
13	Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm
14	laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, no.
16	THE COURT: All right. Now, the evidence may
17	introduced in the case, the defendant may be a member of a group
18	that can be classified as a gang.
19	The Constitution gives us the right to associate with
20	others. There's nothing inherently illegal or wrongful in
21	associating with a gang. You should not decide any issue in
22	fact solely due to the alleged gang membership. Can you do
23	that?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Have you ever personally been affected by

gang violence or, you know, close friends? 1 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Under the Constitution, the 4 defendant need not testify in the case, and his silence can't be 5 used against him. And it's the government's obligation to prove 6 the charges against the defendant beyond a reasonable doubt. 7 is not his obligation to prove he is innocent. 8 Do you have any strong feelings about these principles 9 of our criminal justice system? 10 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 11 THE COURT: In evaluating the witnesses' testimony, 12 will you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is 13 a law enforcement official or a lay witness? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Have you or your family member ever been 16 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 17 No. 18 THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 20 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit, 21 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 23 THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 24 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 25 THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the

	Jury Selection
1	list of witnesses?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
4	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
5	judgment on another person?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Fox News or Skimm news.
9	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
10	even if you disagree with it?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Any reason you can't be fair?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: Thank you. The next lady is Melanie
15	Sauders?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
17	THE COURT: Where do you live, Ms. Sauders?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bartlett.
19	THE COURT: How old are you?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 24.
21	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am currently obtaining my
23	master's in applied behavior analysis.
24	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: During the school year, I work as a

1 behavioral interventionalist at a therapeutic day school, and 2 over the summer, I run a special needs summer camp. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Are you married? 4 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 5 Have you ever had any dealings with either THE COURT: 6 the ATF or the Chicago Police Department? 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 8 THE COURT: Now, the case involves the use of firearms. 9 Do you have feelings and beliefs regarding the firearm laws that 10 would make it difficult or impossible for you to be fair and 11 impartial to both sides? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 13 THE COURT: And the evidence introduced that the 14 defendant may be a member of a gang. That in itself, there's 15 nothing wrong with that, and the case should not be decided 16 solely on the basis of gang membership. 17 But the government must prove the charges beyond a 18 reasonable doubt. Can you do that? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 20 THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been -- have you 21 ever had any -- been affected by gang violence? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 23 THE COURT: Okay. Under the Constitution, the 24 defendant need not testify, and his silence can't be used

against him. It's the government's obligation to prove him

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1	guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and it's not his obligation to
2	prove his innocence.
3	Can you follow those principles?
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: In evaluating a witness' testimony, will
6	you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a
7	law enforcement official or a lay witness?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
10	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim yourself?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit,
15	either as the plaintiff, the person bringing the suit, or a
16	lawyer (sic), the person who's being sued?
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
18	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
21	list of witnesses?
22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
23	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
24	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
25	judgment of another person?

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1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The internet.
4	THE COURT: And will you follow the law that I give to
5	you even if you disagree with it?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: All right. The next person is Lee
10	Chrystal? Is it Chrystal or Chrystal?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Bonni e Kwasny.
12	THE COURT: Oh, okay. That's all right. I'll just
13	Kwasny is your name, Bonnie?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Uh-huh.
15	THE COURT: Okay. And where do you live?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Elk Grove Village, Illinois.
17	THE COURT: What is your age?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 63.
19	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Diploma in nursing.
21	THE COURT: And your occupation or business?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a registered nurse in
23	heal thcare.
24	THE COURT: Are you married?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Di vorced.

1	THE COURT: All right. What does your former husband
2	do or did he do?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Firefighter, paramedic.
4	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Is anybody in your
5	family employed in law enforcement.
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: Have you personally ever had any dealings
8	with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: The case involves the use of firearms. Do
11	you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm laws that
12	would make it difficult for you to be fair and impartial?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: And what about gangs? There's nothing
15	inherently or illegal or wrongful in associating with a gang.
16	You should not decide any issue of fact solely due to gang
17	membershi p.
18	Can you do that?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever personally or
21	close associates been affected by gang violence?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My son in high school was in a
23	fight with alleged gang members.
24	THE COURT: How Long ago was that?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's in his 30s now. He was 18.

1	THE COURT: All right. Would that affect your
2	ability
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: to be fair in this case? Okay. Thank
5	you.
6	Under the Constitution, the defendant need not testify
7	and his the silence can't be used against him, and the
8	government must prove the charges against him beyond a
9	reasonable doubt, and it's not his obligation to prove his
10	i nnocence.
11	Can you do that?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Can you evaluate the testimony using the
14	same tests, whether it's a law enforcement official or a lay
15	wi tness?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
18	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
22	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit,
23	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
25	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not selected.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Do you did you recognize any of
3	the names on the
4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
5	THE COURT: list of witnesses?
6	Do you have any religious, philosophical or moral
7	beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in judgment
8	of another person?
9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: WGN, CNN.
12	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
13	even if you disagree with it?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Now, the next lady, is it Chrystal
18	Lee?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Chrystal Lee.
20	THE COURT: Chrystal Lee?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Ms. Lee, where do you live?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I live in Crete, Illinois.
24	THE COURT: How old are you?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 55.

1	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have an AA in design.
3	THE COURT: All right. And what is your business or
4	occupati on?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm self-employed.
6	THE COURT: Can you speak just a little
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can you hear me? Self-employed.
8	THE COURT: Okay. What do you do or what is your
9	occupati on?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do ride shares or other gig
11	economy jobs.
12	THE COURT: All right. Somewhat like Uber or something
13	along those lines?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uber, Lyft and several others.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Si ngl e.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Is there any member of your family
18	employed in law enforcement?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Who?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: One of my cousin's wives, she's
22	with the Chicago Police Department.
23	THE COURT: All right. Are there any attorneys in your
24	family?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

How many? Who? 1 THE COURT: 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: One. Another cousin's wife. She's 3 an attorney in St. Louis. I think she practices civil rights I aw. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. This case was investigated by the ATF and the Chicago Police Department. 6 7 Have you had any dealings with either agency? 8 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 9 THE COURT: Okay. The case involves charges include 10 the use of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs 11 regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to 12 be impartial in this case? 13 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 14 THE COURT: How about gang membership, can you -- would 15 you -- if there is evidence or allegations that a defendant is a 16 member of a gang, would you still require the government to 17 prove allegations beyond a reasonable doubt? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been personally or 20 close family affected by gang violence? 21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 22 THE COURT: Okay. So just to -- you hesitated a little 23 bit. 24 Now, it's a difficult question, but gang membership, in 25 and of itself, is not illegal. So a person has the right and

1	all we're the question is whether or not if a lot of people
2	don't think gang membership is a good thing, which is neither
3	here nor there, but all we want to make sure is you would not
4	because there may be evidence that a defendant or allegations
5	the defendant is a member of a gang should not relieve the
6	government of the obligation to prove the charges beyond a
7	reasonable doubt, and that's what we're what I want to make
8	sure the jurors understand that they're not to let the
9	government off the hook because well, you know, can you do
10	that?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do understand that the government
12	has to prove the case, but I think my knowledge of his
13	affiliation or membership in a gang might color my
14	THE COURT: Well, that's
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: opi ni on.
16	THE COURT: Okay. So you think you might be affected
17	so that you couldn't
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Be, yeah, completely impartial.
19	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you.
20	THE CLERK: Angela shell left hander.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Same spot?
22	THE COURT: You are Angel a Schl ender?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Schl ender, ri ght.
24	THE COURT: Where do you live?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lake Zurich Illinois.

1	THE COURT: How old are you?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 46.
3	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Master's in education, minor in
5	Spani sh.
6	THE COURT: And what is your occupation?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Teacher.
8	THE COURT: What do you teach?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Fourth grade.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Special ed teacher.
14	THE COURT: All right. Any of your family in law
15	enforcement?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
17	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever had any dealings
18	with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: All right. The case involves the use of
21	firearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm
22	laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You know what, just as an educator,
24	it really scares me. We just had an active shooter training
25	that really traumatized me. So I don't know that I could be

1	100 percent unbiased towards that. Just being honest.
2	My children, I have two kids. One's in high school,
3	one's in college. The one, when he was in middle school, there
4	was they had a hard lockdown. A boy, you know, allegedly
5	brought a gun, and that really scared scared us as well.
6	THE COURT: So you're not sure whether you could be
7	fair?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
9	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you.
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Thank you.
11	THE CLERK: Lissette Simental.
12	THE COURT: You are Lissette Simental?
13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes, hi.
14	THE COURT: Did I pronounce it right?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Simental.
16	THE COURT: Simental?
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Okay. Where do you live?
19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago.
20	THE COURT: How old are you?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 27.
22	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school.
24	THE COURT: And what is your business or employment?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A stay-at-home mom.

1 THE COURT: All right. Have you worked in the past? 2 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 3 THE COURT: Okay. You married? 4 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 5 THE COURT: What does your spouse do? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Truck dri ver. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. Anybody in your family 8 employed in law enforcement? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I have three cousins in the 10 Chi cago department. 11 Any attorneys in your family? THE COURT: 0kay. 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 13 THE COURT: The case was investigated by the ATF and 14 the Chicago Police Department. Have you ever had any dealings 15 with either of those agencies? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. Okay. The case involves the use of 17 THE COURT: 18 fi rearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm 19 laws that would make it difficult for you to be impartial in 20 this case? 21 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 22 Okay. What about gang membership? THE COURT: 23 you still require the government to prove the case beyond a 24 reasonable doubt even though there may be allegations of gang 25 membership?

1 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 2 THE COURT: You mean you can be? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I -- I -- it wouldn't be a problem. 4 THE COURT: It would not be a problem for you? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 5 No. 6 THE COURT: Have you ever been affected by gang vi ol ence? 7 8 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 9 THE COURT: All right. Now, the defendant has a right 10 not to testify and his silence can't be used against him, and 11 the government has the obliquation to prove the charges beyond a 12 reasonable doubt and he need not prove his innocence. 13 Do you have any objection to those principles? 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 15 THE COURT: In evaluating the witness' testimony, you 16 should use the same tests regardless whether the witness is a 17 law enforcement official or a lay witness. 18 Can you do that? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 20 THE COURT: Have you or your family member ever been 21 charged with or convicted of a serious times? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: My brother. 23 THE COURT: What was the charge? 24 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Drug -- drug trafficking. 25 THE COURT: All right. How long ago was that?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Five years ago.
2	THE COURT: All right. Did that affect you in any way?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been a crime victim?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
7	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
9	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
12	list of witnesses?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I did not.
14	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
15	moral beliefs that make it difficult for you to sit in judgment
16	of another person?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe in passing
18	judgment.
19	THE COURT: Pardon?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe in passing
21	judgment.
22	THE COURT: Well, if you're a juror and I don't know
23	if maybe we're not talking about the same thing. But if you're
24	on a jury and the juror must that decide if a person is innocent
25	or not guilty or guilty, in a sense you could say that's passing

1	judgment. Would you have any difficulty doing that?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
4	THE CLERK: John M-Y-R-O-N-I-A-K.
5	THE COURT: I'm going to take a chance. Myroniak?
6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Is that right?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Some people pronounce is Myroniak.
9	Some people pronounce it Myroniak.
10	THE COURT: How do you pronounce it?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Both ways.
12	THE COURT: Do you have a preference?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
14	THE COURT: All right. Where do you live?
15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago.
16	THE COURT: How old are you, sir?
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 36.
18	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school diploma.
20	THE COURT: And your business or occupation?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work at Target. I'm a cart
22	attendant.
23	THE COURT: I know you work for Target, but what do you
24	do there?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I bring the carts from the parking

1	lot into the store, and I do other tasks.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
4	THE COURT: All right. Do you or any of your family
5	members ever been employed in law enforcement?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
7	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF
8	or the Chicago Police Department?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
10	THE COURT: The case involves charges that include the
11	use of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs in
12	firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to be
13	impartial?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
15	THE COURT: What about gang membership, if there is
16	evidence or allegations of gang membership, can would you
17	still require the government to prove the case beyond a
18	reasonable doubt?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
20	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever had any been
21	affected by gang violence personally?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
23	THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need
24	not testify, and his silence can't be used against him. And
25	it's the government's obligation to prove him guilty beyond a

reasonable doubt, and it's not the defendant's obligation to 1 2 prove his innocence. 3 Do you have any objection to those principles of our 4 system? 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. THE COURT: Will you be willing to evaluate the 6 witnesses' testimony using the same tests whether the witness is 7 8 a law enforcement official or a lay witness? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir. 10 THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 11 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 13 Have you been a crime victim? THE COURT: 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 15 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit 16 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 17 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 18 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 20 THE COURT: Do you recognize any of the names on the 21 list of witnesses? 22 Do you have any religious, philosophical or THE COURT: 23 moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in 24 judgment of another person? 25 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir.

	Sur y Sor Sor Sir
1	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: CBS, NBC.
3	THE COURT: All right. Will you follow the law I give
4	to you even if you disagree with it?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: All right, going back to the next person
9	is Lisa Wilson?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
11	THE COURT: Where do you live, Ms. Wilson?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Buffalo Grove.
13	THE COURT: How old are you?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 52.
15	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Associ ate's degree.
17	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Carpet meeting and event manager.
19	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's a mortgage broker and works
23	part-time at Home Depot.
24	THE COURT: All right. Anybody in your family employed
25	in law enforcement?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have two cousins that are
2	bankruptcy lawyers. Sorry, not law enforcement.
3	THE COURT: That was my next question. Including any
4	lawyers, you have two cousins that practice bankruptcy law?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
6	THE COURT: What about in law enforcement?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: Have you ever had personally had any
9	dealings with the ATF or Chicago Police Department?
10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: All right. Now, the case and charges
12	involve the use of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or
13	beliefs regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult for
14	you to be impartial?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I'm strongly against
16	firearms, but I can deal with the law.
17	THE COURT: Now, you can deal with the law
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
19	THE COURT: and you can deal with the government to
20	prove.
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Okay, good. And same thing with gangs
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: can you do that with gangs, too?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

All right. Have you ever been affected by 1 THE COURT: 2 gang violence personally? 3 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 4 THE COURT: Okay. Now, under the Constitution -- under 5 the Constitution, the defendant need not testify and his silence 6 can't be used against him, and it's the government's obligation 7 to prove the charges beyond a reasonable doubt and not his 8 obligation to prove his innocence. 9 Do you have any objection to those principles of our 10 system? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 12 THE COURT: Will you use the same tests in evaluating 13 the testimony of witnesses whether they're law enforcement or 14 lay witnesses? 15 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 17 charged with or convicted with a serious crime? 18 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 19 THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim? 20 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 21 THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit 22 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? 23 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. 24 THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was called, but not selected.

1	THE COURT: All right. Did you recognize any of the
2	names on the list of witnesses?
3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
5	moral beliefs that make it difficult for you to sit in judgment
6	on another person?
7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: MSNBC, the internet.
10	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
11	even if you disagree with it?
12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: All right. The next person is Frank
16	Onesto?
17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Homer Glen, Illinois.
20	THE COURT: How old are you?
21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 57.
22	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Associ ate's.
24	THE COURT: Okay. What is your associate's okay.
25	What is your occupation or business?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Construction.
2	THE COURT: What type of construction do you do?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sheet Metal worker.
4	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Stay-at-home mother.
8	THE COURT: And when she last worked, what did she do?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mortgage banking.
10	THE COURT: Anybody in your family employed in law
11	enforcement?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A couple of cousins, both retired.
13	THE COURT: Any lawyers in your family?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Anthony Onesto.
15	THE COURT: And he
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Criminal.
17	THE COURT: Where does he practice?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago.
19	THE COURT: Now, is he he's related to you. How is
20	he related to you?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's my father's cousin.
22	THE COURT: Do you do you talk to him a lot or
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably not for the last 10 years.
24	THE COURT: So you discuss legal issues?
25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

1 THE COURT: 0kay. So you would be instructed not to, 2 but I'm -- you wouldn't ask him for advice if you were on the jury? 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever had any dealings with 6 the ATF or the Chicago Police Department? 7 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 8 The case involves the use of firearms. THE COURT: Do 9 you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm laws that 10 would make it difficult for you to be impartial? 11 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 12 THE COURT: How about gangs? If there was evidence of 13 possible gang membership, would that -- would you then not 14 require the government to prove the case beyond a reasonable 15 doubt? 16 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected 18 personally by gang violence? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was beat up by a group of gang 20 members when I was in my 20s. 21 THE COURT: I don't want to make you an old man, but 22 that was some years ago? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, that was 30 years ago. 24 THE COURT: Now, under the Constitution, the defendant 25 need not testify and his silence can't be used against him, and

it's his -- the government's obligation to prove beyond a 1 2 reasonable doubt and not his obligation to prove his innocence. 3 Do you have any objection to those principles of our 4 criminal justice system? 5 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 6 THE COURT: In evaluating a witness' testimony, will 7 you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a 8 law enforcement official or a lay witness? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir. 10 THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been 11 charged with or convicted of a serious crime? 12 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No. sir. 13 Have you been a crime victim? THE COURT: 14 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. 15 Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit THE COURT: 16 either as a plaintiff or a defendant? PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 17 No, sir. 18 THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before? 19 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Selected, not chosen. 20 THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the 21 list of witnesses? 22 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir. Do you have any religious, philosophical or 23 THE COURT: 24 moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in 25 judgment of another?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
THE COURT: What is your source for news?
PROSPECTI VE JUROR: CBS.
THE COURT: Will you follow the law I give to you even
if you disagree with it?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
THE COURT: Lawyers, give me your choices, please.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can I go outside for a minute.
THE COURT: Pardon?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can we have a couple of minutes,
Judge?
THE CLERK: Five minutes, Judge.
THE COURT: Yeah, we'll have five minutes, okay?
MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, could you hear us on sidebar.
(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
MR. HYMAN: Your Honor, could you inquire a little bit
more about Ms. Sauders? She has a master's in client
inventionism and she's working for that, and she has also
special ed.
Can you inquire whether or not in her work when she
runs a camp whether she deals with children that had been
affected by gang violence?
THE COURT: All right. Yeah.

1 MR. HYMAN: It's just that. 2 THE COURT: All right. 0kay. 3 (In open court in the hearing of the jury.) 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: One further question of 5 Ms. Sauders. In your dealings, do you run across children who are 6 7 affected by gang violence? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They may have family members that 9 are affiliated, but nothing that directly relates me in the 10 workpl ace. 11 THE COURT: So you really don't know, but it's possible that they have been, is that --12 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct. 14 THE COURT: Okay, thank you. 15 (Pause in proceedings.) 16 THE COURT: Ms. Kwasny, Mr. Onesto and Mr. Myroniak 17 will be excused. Can you swear in the three, please. 18 (Venire sworn.) 19 THE COURT: All right. We're going to suspend now for 20 a half an hour for lunch. I'll ask you to be back at, say, 20 21 minutes to -- what is it, 2:00? And now would you show those to 22 the jury room and actually you can stay in the jury room. 23 THE CLERK: All right. 24 THE COURT: And it will be locked while you're in here. 25 THE CLERK: If you have any personal items, take them

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	Jury Selection
1	with you.
2	THE COURT: You can leave your stuff in the jury room.
3	It will be locked while you're in here.
4	THE CLERK: Judge, they want 45 minutes. They want to
5	come back at 1:45.
6	THE COURT: Okay. 1:45. That's called negotiating.
7	(Adjourned at 1:02 p.m.)
8	* * * * * * *
9	CERTIFICATE
10	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript of the
11	record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
12	
13	/s/ LISA H. BREITER February 10, 2019 LISA H. BREITER, CSR, RMR, CRR
14	Court Reporter
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1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS				
2	EASTERN DIVISION				
3	UNITED STATES OF AME	RI CA,	Docket No. 18 CR 00278		
4	PI ai n	tiff,	Chicago, Illinois		
5	V.	Š	June 10, 2019 1:46 p.m.		
6	ERNESTO GODI NEZ,	)			
7	DEFEN	DANT.			
8		VOLUME 1 SCRIPT OF PROCES	EDINGS - Trial		
9	BEFORE THE HONG	DRABLE HARRY D.	LEINENWEBER, and a Jury		
10	APPEARANCES:				
11	For the Government:	HON. JOHN R. L United States			
12		MS. KAVITHA J. MR. NICHOLAS J	BABU		
13		5th Floor Chi cago, IL 60			
14	For the Defendant:	-			
15		111 West Washi Suite 1025			
16		Chi cago, IL 60	602		
17		and			
18		PISSETZKY & BE			
19		35 West Wacker Suite 1980			
20		Chi cago, IL 60	601		
21	Also Present:	MR. BEAU JACOB MS. MARTA KASC			
22	Court Donortor				
23	Court Reporter:	LISA H. BREITER, CSR, RMR, CRR 219 South Dearborn Street, Room 2118 Chicago, IL 60604			
24		(312) 702-8865			
25		J dai tii_wai shei	430041 t3. 90V		

1 (In open court outside the hearing of the jury.) 2 THE COURT: One of the prospective jurors -- I received 3 a note from juror Chrystal -- what was it -- Tran? Chrystal 4 "I am currently experiencing a great degree of discomfort 5 related to orthopedic issues that I am suffering from. 01:46:25 bilateral hip surgery, and sitting for long periods causes 6 7 discomfort and pain. I am also experiencing knee, neck and back 8 issues. I am concerned about sitting for long periods while 9 serving on the jury, and I am requesting to be excused." She's -- she's the lady who is the HR 10 MR. HYMAN: 01:46:42 11 operations from Calumet City. 12 No. she's the -- what was it? She is THE COURT: 13 listed as a driver, but she's not --14 MR. PI SSETZKY: Krystal Travis? 15 No, Chrystal Lee -- no, wait a minute, I THE COURT: 01:46:57 16 got the wrong one. Excuse me. There's two Krystals. 0ne 17 begins with K. Let's see where was it? 18 THE CLERK: Krystal Travis. 19 THE COURT: Yeah. 20 THE CLERK: No. 3. 01:47:14 21 THE COURT: No. 3. Yeah, that's the one that's 22 requesting to be excused. What's your -- do you want to talk to 23 her before? 24 MR. HYMAN: Judge, I think that we'd want her to 01:47:32 25 concentrate, and if her concentration is limited to her pain,

then I don't think --1 01:47:36 2 THE COURT: So you don't have any objection to excusing 3 her? MR. HYMAN: 4 No. How about the government? THE COURT: 01:47:41 5 MS. BABU: No, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. We'll excuse her. Would you --8 THE CLERK: Bring her in here or no? 9 THE COURT: I think just excuse her, but bring the seven in, and let me give you the notes for the record. 10 01:47:54 11 (Court and clerk conferring.) 12 Krystal Travis will be excused, Court THE COURT: 13 excuse. 14 (Court and clerk conferring.) THE COURT: I have another letter from Melanie 15 01:52:25 16 Saunders. "I am writing to express my concern about the end 17 time of the court sessions. As stated during my questioning, I am currently obtaining my master's degree classes which take 18 19 place on Monday and Wednesday evenings from 5:00 p.m." -- I 20 think that's a 5 -- "to 8:30 in Aurora, Illinois. Please 01:52:43 21 consider my need for attendance and class as a hardship in 22 participating in the jury." 23 One thing we could do is break at 4:00 on Wednesday. 24 Does that -- anybody have a problem with that? 01:53:04 25 MS. BABU: Would we be able to start earlier on that

01:53:07	1	day, Your Honor?
	2	THE COURT: Pardon?
	3	MS. BABU: Would we be able to start earlier?
	4	THE COURT: Probably not. I've got a call.
01:53:14	5	Now, on Friday we could start earlier. We could pick
	6	up an hour there.
	7	MS. BABU: That would be fine then, Your Honor.
	8	THE COURT: Tell would you tell them that does
	9	anybody object to that? We'll tell her we'll break at
01:53:30	10	4:00 o'clock on Wednesday and presumably on Monday, we'll have
	11	an earlier. Monday we could start earlier. All right. Okay?
	12	MS. BABU: Thank you, your Honor.
	13	THE COURT: Is that all right with everybody?
	14	MR. HYMAN: If she still can't do it, then we'll talk
01:53:46	15	about it, but that sounds fine.
	16	THE COURT: Yeah, we'll just tell them we'd break at
	17	4:00 on Wednesday and we can do that.
	18	MR. PISSETZKY: Is she from Aurora?
	19	THE COURT: Well, that's where her classes are.
01:54:06	20	MR. PISSETZKY: I think a train ride from Aurora is
	21	similar
	22	THE COURT: She should be able to make it. If she's a
	23	little late, so what? It will only be one or two days.
	24	THE CLERK: Do you want the jury out, Judge?
01:54:17	25	THE COURT: What?

01:54:17 1	THE CLERK: Do you want the jury to come out or do you
2	want leave them in there?
3	THE COURT: They can stay in there briefly.
4	THE CLERK: Okay.
01:54:17 5	THE COURT: We can bring let's get going on the
6	rest. Let's get we now need four more now plus the
7	alternates. More problems.
8	Do you want to bring the jurors in.
9	(Prospective Jurors enter the courtroom.)
01:56:34 10	THE COURT: All right. The juror said that was all
11	right with her.
12	Would you tell what the problem is.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR PORRAS: So I live in Baton Rouge,
14	Louisiana, and I drove 14 hours here.
01:56:48 15	THE COURT: How did you happen to get on the call here?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR PORRAS: I so postponed because I
17	go to grad school at LSU. And then the lady that I spoke with
18	postponed it to this summer, and she told me that she scheduled
19	it for this summer because we're in summer intersession.
01:57:03 20	But since I'm in grad school, I have a summer
21	internship back at LSU, and so she was like I was originally
22	scheduled for May 10th, but I couldn't make it because I was
23	still in school. And then she was like you have to do it before
24	school starts in August, which is why I postponed it till
01:57:20 <b>25</b>	THE COURT: Do you live here or do you live in Baton

01:57:21	1	Rouge?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR PORRAS: I live in Baton Rouge, but I
	3	have the residency here so, like, college funds.
	4	THE COURT: Let me see the lawyers in sidebar.
01:57:35	5	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
	6	THE COURT: Frankly I don't understand.
	7	MR. HYMAN: It sounds very confusing.
	8	MS. BABU: I think it sounds like she's at school, and
	9	her permanent residence or address is here.
01:57:54	10	MR. HYMAN: I think it's the other way around.
	11	THE COURT: If you won't object, I'll let her go.
	12	MR. HYMAN: Yeah, sure.
	13	(In open court in the hearing of the jury.)
	14	THE COURT: Would you call all right. You're
01:58:04	15	excused.
	16	THE CLERK: No. 29, Monica Julianne Porras. No. 29.
	17	THE COURT: Porras.
	18	THE CLERK: Monica Julianne Porras, P-0-R-R-A-S.
	19	THE REPORTER: Thank you.
01:58:22	20	THE CLERK: Syeda Tazeen, Kerry Hampston, Lisa Solesky.
	21	THE COURT: Take the first seat in the front row.
	22	THE CLERK: Anthony Pezzulo and Michelle Spellman.
	23	THE COURT: That's four, isn't it? All right,
	24	Ms. Spellman can remain seated for a moment.
01:59:07	25	(Court and clerk conferring.)

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01:59:07	1	THE COURT: All right. The first lady is Syeda Tazeen.
	2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	3	THE COURT: Did I pronounce it right?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Syeda.
01:59:17	5	THE COURT: Where do you live?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hoffman Estates.
	7	THE COURT: How old are you?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 31.
	9	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
01:59:22	10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a bachelor's in biology.
	11	THE COURT: What is your business or occupation?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a stay-at-home mom.
	13	THE COURT: When you last worked, what did you do?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was a certified allergy
01:59:32	15	specialist.
	16	THE COURT: Okay. Is that okay. Are you married?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	18	THE COURT: What does your husband do?
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's a sports and family physician.
0 1 : 5 9 : 4 3	20	THE COURT: He's a what? Say that again.
	21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Physi ci an.
	22	THE COURT: Oh, a physician?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Uh-huh.
	24	THE COURT: And what is his specialty?
01:59:51	25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sports and family medicine.
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01:59:52	1	THE COURT: Okay. Sort of like an orthopedic?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sort of.
	3	THE COURT: Yeah. Sports injuries specialist?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
01:59:59	5	THE COURT: Okay. Any member of your family employed
	6	in law enforcement?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	8	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the
	9	ATF, Alcohol Tobacco & Firearm agency, a federal agency, and the
0 2 : 0 0 : 1 4	10	Chicago Police Department and/or the Chicago Police
	11	Department?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	13	THE COURT: The case involves the use of firearms. Do
	14	you have any feelings or beliefs regarding firearm laws that
02:00:22	15	would make it difficult for you to be impartial?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't like the use of weapons in
	17	general.
	18	THE COURT: Well, most people don't. I mean, would
	19	that keep you from being impartial?
02:00:35	20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	21	THE COURT: Okay. Now, what about the evidence
	22	introduced in the case, the defendant may be a member of a group
	23	that can be classified as a gang. The Constitution gives us the
	24	right to associate with others.
02:00:47	25	There's nothing inherently illegal or wrongful in

associating with a gang, and you should not decide any issue of fact solely due to the alleged gang membership. The point being that if there is evidence or allegations that the defendant is a member of the gang, that does not alleviate the government of the obligation to prove the case beyond a reasonable doubt.

Can you do that?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected by gang violence?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, under the Constitution, the defendant need not testify, and his silence can't be used against him. And the government's obligation is to prove guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and is not -- defendant need not -- has no obligation to prove his innocence.

Do you have any objection to those tenets -- basic tenets of our criminal justice system?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

THE COURT: In evaluating the witness -- the witness' testimony, would you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is law enfor -- law enforcement official or a lay witness?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been charged with or convicted of a serious crime?

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02:01:59	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	2	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We had tires stolen off our car.
	4	THE COURT: Okay. Nothing serious?
02:02:06	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
	7	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	9	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
0 2 : 0 2 : 1 2	10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	11	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
	12	list of witnesses?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	14	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
0 2 : 0 2 : 2 1	15	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
	16	judgment on another person?
	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, that I'm not comfortable with
	18	judging someone particularly of his age.
	19	THE COURT: Well, you know, you wouldn't be alone in
02:02:36	20	judging. You would be part of a group of 12 people.
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right, I understand.
	22	THE COURT: Is that could you can you do that or
	23	is that
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I wouldn't be comfortable being a
0 2 : 0 2 : 4 7	25	part of a serious
		ll

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0 2 : 0 2 : 5 3	1	THE COURT: Start over again. Somehow the that mic
	2	isn't
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can you hear it?
	4	THE COURT: Yeah, now.
02:02:59	5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just wouldn't be comfortable
	6	being a part of a group that would put someone, particularly his
	7	age, away for however long.
	8	THE COURT: Well, you wouldn't sentencing is not the
	9	obligation of a jury, it's the obligation of the judge.
02:03:19	10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
	11	THE COURT: So all you do is make a if you are a
	12	member of the jury, all the jury does is make a determination of
	13	whether or not the government has proved the allegations of the
	14	indictment or the charges against the defendant beyond a
02:03:30	15	reasonable doubt. That's what the jury does. The jury doesn't
	16	decide anything has no does not decide the sentence.
	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right. I still wouldn't be
	18	comfortable deciding if he was guilty or not.
	19	THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
02:03:52	20	One more, please.
	21	THE CLERK: Michelle Spellman.
	22	THE COURT: Good afternoon. You are Michelle Spellman?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	24	THE COURT: Where do you live?
0 2 : 0 4 : 1 1	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Chi cago.
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0 2 : 0 4 : 1 2	1	THE COURT: How old are you?
	2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 56.
	3	THE COURT: Can you hold that a little closer?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 56.
0 2 : 0 4 : 1 7	5	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Hi gh school .
	7	THE COURT: And your business or occupation?
	8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work on a trading desk booking
	9	trades, et cetera.
02:04:26	10	THE COURT: What do you trade, I mean, what
	11	commodities?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
	13	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
	14	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
0 2 : 0 4 : 3 4	15	THE COURT: Anybody in your family employed in law
	16	enforcement?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	18	THE COURT: The case was investigated by the ATF and
	19	the Chicago Police Department. Have you had dealings with
0 2 : 0 4 : 4 6	20	ei ther of these agenci es?
	21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	22	THE COURT: The case involves charges including the use
	23	of firearms. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding
	24	firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to be
02:04:56	25	impartial?

02:04:57	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	2	THE COURT: What about gangs, can you be impartial in
	3	if there is evidence of possible membership, can you
	4	still would you still require the government to prove the
0 2 : 0 5 : 1 1	5	case beyond a reasonable doubt?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	7	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected by gang
	8	vi ol ence?
	9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:05:16	10	THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need
	11	not testify, and his silence can't be used against him. And the
	12	government has the obligation to prove him guilty beyond a
	13	reasonable doubt, and he has no obligation to prove his
	14	i nnocence.
0 2 : 0 5 : 2 8	15	Can you accept those principles?
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	17	THE COURT: In evaluating a witness' testimony, would
	18	you use the same tests in evaluating the testimony of lay
	19	witnesses as you use in evaluating the testimony of law
0 2 : 0 5 : 4 4	20	enforcement witnesses and vice versa?
	21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	22	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
	23	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
	24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:05:53	25	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?

		Jury Selection
02:05:55	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	2	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
	3	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:06:00	5	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	7	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
	8	list of witnesses I read?
	9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:06:06	10	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
	11	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
	12	judgment on another person?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	14	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
02:06:15	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I read different local papers,
	16	national papers, watch the national news.
	17	THE COURT: Okay. Will you follow the law that I give
	18	to you even if you don't agree with it?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
02:06:31	20	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
	21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	22	THE COURT: Thank you.
	23	Kerry Hampston?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: Where do you live, Ms. Hampston?

		Jury Selection
02:06:37	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Pal os Park.
	2	THE COURT: How old are you?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 26.
	4	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
02:06:40	5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Doctor at a physical therapy.
	6	THE COURT: And your occupation?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Physical therapist.
	8	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
	9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:06:46	10	THE COURT: Anybody in your family employed in law
	11	enforcement?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle's a retired Chicago police
	13	offi cer.
	14	THE COURT: Okay. Have you had any dealings with
02:06:56	15	either the Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearm agency or the Chicago
	16	Police Department?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	18	THE COURT: The case involves charges in use of use
	19	of a firearm. Do you have any feelings or beliefs regarding
02:07:07	20	firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to be
	21	impartial?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	23	THE COURT: How about gang membership, can you be
	24	impartial on that?
02:07:14	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

02:07:16	1	THE COURT: Have you ever been affected by gang						
	2	vi ol ence?						
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. My mom was robbed at						
	4	gunpoi nt.						
02:07:26	5	THE COURT: I didn't get that. Your mom was what?						
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My mom was robbed at gunpoint.						
	7	THE COURT: Okay. How Long ago was that?						
	8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: When I was like 10 years old.						
	9	THE COURT: Some period of time.						
02:07:42	10	Would that experience your mother had affect you at all						
	11	in this case?						
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it makes me biased.						
	13	THE COURT: Well, could you set aside your bias and						
	14	decide the case I mean, the issue here is whether the						
02:08:02	15	government can prove the charges beyond a reasonable doubt.						
	16	That's the only issue the jury will be delegated.						
	17	And if you believe this experience your mother had						
	18	would affect your ability to in other words, what we don't						
	19	want is having because of the issue of gang membership maybe						
02:08:25	20	raised in the case, we don't want the jury to short-circuit the						
	21	government's obligation of proof. That's what we're looking						
	22	for. So if you think you can do that						
	23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah um, yes, I think I could be						
	24	bi ased, yeah.						
02:08:47	25	THE COURT: Will you will you promise us you will do						

02:08:49 1	that, I guess?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Okay, thank you.
4	Now, the defendant has has the right not to testify
02:08:56 5	in the case, and his silence can't be used against him. That's
6	a Constitutional right of his. And the other one we talk about
7	here is the government's obligation to prove the charges beyond
8	a reasonable doubt, and it is not the defendant's obligation to
9	prove his innocence.
02:09:12 10	Do you accept those principles of our system?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: In evaluating the witness' testimony, will
13	you use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a
14	law enforcement officer or a lay witness?
02:09:27 15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Have you or any family member ever been
17	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
0 2 : 0 9 : 3 4 20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had my wallet stolen.
21	THE COURT: Pardon?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just had my wallet stolen. That
23	was it.
24	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
02:09:41 25	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
	II

		Jury Selection
02:09:43	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	2	THE COURT: Have you ever been on jury duty before?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've been summoned, but we were all
	4	di smi ssed.
02:09:47	5	THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names
	6	on the list of witnesses?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	8	THE COURT: Do you hold any religious, philosophical or
	9	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
02:09:54	10	judgment of another?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	12	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Like internet.
	14	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
02:10:03	15	even if you disagree with it?
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	17	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I feel like I'm biased just based
	19	on my mom's experience, but
02:10:15	20	THE COURT: Okay. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
	21	(Prospective juror exits the courtroom.)
	22	THE CLERK: Joshua Bost, B-O-S-T.
	23	THE COURT: You are Joshua Bost?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: Bost or Bost?

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Jury Selection
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02:10:37	1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bost.
	2	THE COURT: Bost. Where do you live, sir?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hanover Park.
	4	THE COURT: How old are you?
02:10:41	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 22.
	6	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Bachel or in science.
	8	THE COURT: And what's your business or occupation?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a teacher, high school teacher.
02:10:49	10	THE COURT: Okay. What level? What do you teach?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Soci al studi es.
	12	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	14	THE COURT: Okay. Anybody in your family employed in
02:10:56	15	law enforcement?
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	17	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF
	18	or the Chicago Police Department?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
0 2 : 1 1 : 0 3	20	THE COURT: Okay. The charges include the use of a
	21	firearm.
	22	Do you have any strong feelings or beliefs regarding
	23	firearm laws that would make it difficult for you to be
	24	impartial?
0 2 : 1 1 : 1 3	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

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		Jury Selection
0 2 : 1 1 : 1 4	1	THE COURT: What about gang membership?
	2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	3	THE COURT: And have you ever been affected by gang
	4	vi ol ence?
02:11:19	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Now, the defendant need not testify and his
	7	silence can't be used against him. And the government has the
	8	obligation to prove him guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and he
	9	has no obligation to defend himself.
02:11:29	10	Do you have any problems with those basic tenets of our
	11	system?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	13	THE COURT: Will you use the same tests in evaluating
	14	the testimony of law enforcement officials as you do for other
02:11:39	15	lay witnesses?
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	17	THE COURT: Then you will; is that right?
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I will not.
	19	THE COURT: What?
02:11:46	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do not really trust police
	21	offi cers.
	22	THE COURT: Okay. Well, in other words, you would use
	23	a different test. You just automatically discount what they

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not any eyewitness testimony.

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say?

		Jury Selection
02:12:01	1	believe bodycamera footage, any sort of live footage, but
	2	nothing based off eyewitness
	3	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you, sir.
	4	THE CLERK: Kevin Waden, W-A-D-E-N.
02:12:24	5	THE COURT: You are Kevin Waden?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
	7	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
	8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Downers Grove.
	9	THE COURT: How old are you?
02:12:30 1	0	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 47.
1	1	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
1	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've got a master's in business.
1	3	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
1	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm the corporate controller for
02:12:37 <b>1</b>	5	U. S. Foods.
1	6	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?

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PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

What does your spouse do? THE COURT:

THE DEFENDANT: She's an emergency room nurse.

THE COURT: Any law enforcement people in your family?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir.

THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?

> PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No, sir.

THE COURT: The case involves firearms. Do you have

		Jury Selection
0 2 : 1 2 : 5 7	1	any feelings regarding firearm laws that would make it difficult
	2	for you to be impartial?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: What about gang membership?
02:13:06	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected by gang
	7	vi ol ence?
	8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I have not.
	9	THE COURT: What about the basic tenets of our system,
02:13:13	10	that the defendant need not testify, and his silence can't be
	11	used against him. And the government's obligation to prove
	12	beyond a reasonable doubt and not his obligation to prove his
	13	i nnocence.
	14	Do you have any problem with those?
0 2 : 1 3 : 2 5	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I do not.
	16	THE COURT: In evaluating witness' testimony, will you
	17	use the same tests that you use for law enforcement officials as
	18	you would for lay witnesses and vice versa?
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I would.
02:13:37	20	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
	21	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	23	THE COURT: Have you been crime victim?
	24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:13:42	25	THE COURT: Have you been a party to a lawsuit either

	Jury Selection
02:13:45 1	as a plaintiff or a defendant?
2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've been called, but not summoned.
02:13:50 5	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names in the
6	list of witnesses?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I did not.
8	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
9	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
02:13:57 10	judgment of another person?
11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: What is your source for news?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The internet.
14	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
02:14:04 15	even if you disagree with it?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
17	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Thank you. And now we go back to is it
02:14:13 20	Kerry Hampston?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm Lisa Solesky.
22	THE COURT: Wait a minute. I'm mixed up here.
23	(Court and clerk conferring.)
24	THE COURT: Li sa Sol esky?
02:14:25 <b>25</b>	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.

		Jury Selection
02:14:26	1	THE COURT: Where do you live?
	2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Zi on.
	3	THE COURT: How old are you?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 52.
0 2 : 1 4 : 2 9	5	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Associate's degree in office
	7	systems technology.
	8	THE COURT: And what is what is your occupation?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am an administrative assistant in
0 2 : 1 4 : 3 8	10	a K through 8 school district.
	11	THE COURT: Okay. You married?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Di vorced.
	13	THE COURT: What did or does your former husband do?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Police officer.
0 2 : 1 4 : 4 8	15	THE COURT: Where?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He currently works in Highland
	17	Park.
	18	THE COURT: Okay. Any attorneys in your family?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
0 2 : 1 4 : 5 5	20	THE COURT: I think I forget to ask you, too.
	21	Is there any attorneys in your families?
	22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR SPELLMAN: A cousin.
	23	THE COURT: Pardon?
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR SPELLMAN: A cousin.
0 2 : 1 5 : 1 3	25	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

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Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?

PROSECTIVE JUROR SOLESKY: No.

THE COURT: The charges involve the use of a firearm.

Do you have any feelings about that that would prevent you from being impartial?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I think the gun laws aren't harsh enough. But I understand from listening, you asked that question over and over again where you're getting with that.

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, the laws are the laws -- PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: -- and I have an obligation, and the jury, through me I guess, has an obligation to enforce the laws the way they are written. And we might want to change them, but then we go to the legislature and say let's toughen them up or loosen them up, whatever your view is.

So you would be able to be impartial; is that right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think completely impartial.

THE COURT: Okay. See, the question that the jury will be faced is whether the government has proved the defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt and rely upon the evidence that the government brings in and whatever evidence is produced in the, case and you decide whether the government has met its burden of proof.

If it hasn't, then you are obligated to find the

02:16:29 1	defendant acquit the defendant, find him not guilty. If they
2	do have prove beyond a reasonable doubt, then you find the
3	defendant guilty.
4	Now, the point the problem is that I know people
02:16:42 5	have various feelings on the use of firearms and the but the
6	distaste people might have as to firearms should not alleviate
7	the burden on the government to prove the case beyond a
8	reasonable doubt.
9	And that's what we have to make sure that that
02:17:03 10	doesn't happen. So I have to, you know, rely upon how you
11	answer my questions, whether or not you think you can do that.
12	Would you, okay, it's a close question, but it involves
13	a gun, therefore, I'm going to tip it in favor of the
14	government. I guess the question is can you avoid doing that?
02:17:32 15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a hard it's I mean, like
16	on the fence. I don't know that
17	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you.
18	THE CLERK: Nicole Covelli, C-O-V-E-L-L.
19	THE COURT: You are Nicole Covelli?
02:18:01 20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Where do you live?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mundelein, Illinois.
23	THE COURT: How old are you?
24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 45.
02:18:06 25	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
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		Jury Selection
02:18:07	1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Some college.
	2	THE COURT: And what's your business or occupation?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: A tax accountant.
	4	THE COURT: Are you married?
02:18:13	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Any members of your family employed in law
	7	enforcement capacity?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	9	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF
0 2 : 1 8 : 2 4	10	or the Chicago Police Department?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	12	THE COURT: Now, the issue of firearms. Do you have
	13	feelings that are so strong that it would be difficult for you
	14	to be impartial?
02:18:33	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes, I do.
	16	THE COURT: I'll excuse you.
	17	THE CLERK: Robert Hammerschmidt.
	18	THE COURT: You are Robert Hammerschmidt?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
02:18:55	20	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I live in Winfield.
	22	THE COURT: How old are you?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 48.
	24	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
02:19:01	25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Master's degree.

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02:19:02	1	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Educator.
	3	THE COURT: And what do you what level?
	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So I teach high school, American
02:19:11	5	government, and I'm dean of students.
	6	THE COURT: Okay. Are you married?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	8	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She stays at home.
02:19:19	10	THE COURT: When she last work, what did she
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She was also an educator. High
	12	school math.
	13	THE COURT: Okay. Any of your any of your family
	14	members employed in law enforcement?
02:19:32	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	16	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF
	17	or the Chicago Police Department?
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
	19	THE COURT: Now, the case involves, we've been talking
02:19:39	20	about firearm laws. Is there anything about that that would
	21	prevent you from being impartial?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	23	THE COURT: What about gang membership? We've talked
	24	about that over and over again.
0 2 : 1 9 : 4 9	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
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THE COURT: Have you ever been affected by gang violence?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

THE COURT: Now, what about, you know, do you have -accept the constitutional rights of defendant need not testify,
and his silence can't be used against him and that the
government has the obligation to prove him guilty beyond a
reasonable doubt and he has no obligation to prove his
innocence.

Can you accept that?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: You -- would you evaluate a witness' testimony, use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a law enforcement official or a lay witness?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd probably put a bit more emphasis on law enforcement officials.

THE COURT: Well, we're not talking about believability. That's -- believability results from our use of tests since we normally use when you're talking to somebody whether I know depending on how important it is.

Again, there's a rather lengthy instruction as to how to evaluate. In other words, does a person, is he furtive? Is he direct? Is it a matter of importance? Does he have a bias and that sort of thing.

What the law is, though, did you use these tests, the

same ones? That does not mean the results have to be the same. In other words, if you use these tests, and if you believed the police officer using these tests, then so be it. You believe a police officer.

If you believe a layperson is also telling the truth, then you believe the layperson. If using these tests, you conclude that the layperson is not telling the truth or the law enforcement official is not telling the truth. But the law requires that you use the same tests.

Can you do that?

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PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I suppose.

THE COURT: Well, is that a yes?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's hard for me to say. Like I said, you're asking me to evaluate somebody's credibility as a witness.

THE COURT: Yeah.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct?

THE COURT: Right.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So --

THE COURT: So one of the things would be the person's education or the person's background. I mean, you don't ignore -- what I'm trying to get at is you don't ignore the fact that I've used the excuse or the example once you might have Mother Teresa. Now, she has the background I guess of impeccable honesty and so forth.

Jury Selection 02:22:09 1 And, you know, your reputation sometimes is in evidence 2 is one of the things that you would use. If somebody lied to me 3 before, they might very well be lying to me again. So but the 4 law requires that you use the same tests no matter what the 5 station of the witness. Can you do that? 02:22:23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I suppose I could use the same 6 7 tests, sure. 8 THE COURT: Yeah, that's all --9 PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 0kay. THE COURT: That's all the law requires. It doesn't 10 02:22:28 11 say you have to -- you can't dis -- you have to disbelieve the 12 police officer or you have to believe a police officer. 13 Just when you see him testify, is he direct? Is he 14 testifying in a clear way or a witness is not -- is kind of 02:22:48 15 jumping around or he's not clear or so forth. I mean, you use, 16 that's how you, you know --17 18

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Is credibility part of the test?

THE COURT: Yeah, I mean, sure. That's basically what you're determining, whether the witness is credible, and you use that by all of these tests because you're usually - a juror is usually meeting the person for the first time.

So you don't know that much about his background except what the lawyers bring out in the case. So that's basically what we're talking about.

So do you think you can do that? Just use the same

02:23:25	1	tests. It doesn't mean you have to believe one witness or the
	2	another because that's up to the jurors. That's not my part, my
	3	role. My role is to tell you what the law is.
	4	And your role, if you're a juror, to tell me what the
02:23:38	5	facts are. And you tell me the facts based upon your evaluation
	6	of the testimony that comes from the witness stand.
	7	So that's all I'm can you do that?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Sure.
	9	THE COURT: All right. Have you or any member family
0 2 : 2 3 : 5 0	10	been charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was charged with a misdemeanor.
	12	THE COURT: What was the misdemeanor?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Battery.
	14	THE COURT: All right. Did that resolve?
02:24:07	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sorry?
	16	THE COURT: Is it resolved?
	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. The case was dismissed.
	18	THE COURT: Okay. So is there anything about that
	19	experience that would affect you in this case?
0 2 : 2 4 : 1 7	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
	21	THE COURT: All right, good.
	22	Have you been a crime victim?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	24	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
0 2 : 2 4 : 2 7	25	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?

		Jury Selection
02:24:29	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	2	THE COURT: When? What was it?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Plaintiff to a civil suit, medical
	4	mal practice.
0 2 : 2 4 : 3 3	5	THE COURT: Okay. So it was when did that happen?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The case was resolved two years
	7	ago.
	8	THE COURT: All right. So it's no longer pending?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. It was resolved out of court.
0 2 : 2 4 : 4 5	10	THE COURT: All right. And the system worked as far as
	11	you're concerned, is that reasonably well?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. The case took nine years. So
	13	in my mind, it didn't work very well at all reasonably.
	14	THE COURT: All right. But there's nothing in that
0 2 : 2 5 : 0 1	15	your experience there that would affect you in this case?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
	17	THE COURT: Oh, good. Have you been on jury duty
	18	before?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
02:25:08	20	THE COURT: When and where?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: DuPage County, a year probably
	22	early 2000s.

THE COURT: What kind of case did you hear?

challenged. I was released.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was actually peremptorily

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02:25:22 **25** 

0 2 : 2 5 : 2 8	1	THE COURT: Okay. So you didn't actually sit and
	2	decide the case?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did not sit in the jury.
	4	THE COURT: Let's see. Did you recognize any of the
0 2 : 2 5 : 3 4	5	names on the list of witnesses?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	7	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
	8	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
	9	judgment on another person?
0 2 : 2 5 : 4 5	10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	11	THE COURT: What is your source of news? Usual source,
	12	I should say.
	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: NPR and online sources.
	14	THE COURT: Will you follow the law I give you even if
0 2 : 2 5 : 5 5	15	you disagree with it?
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	17	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and
	18	impartial juror in this case.
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
0 2 : 2 6 : 1 4	20	THE COURT: Let's see. Okay. The next person is
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Your Honor?
	22	THE COURT: Yeah.
	23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother is an attorney just so
	24	you know.
02:26:37	25	THE COURT: What's your let's see. Your brother's

02:26:39	1	name is?
	2	James Hammerschmidt.
	3	THE COURT: Where does he practice?
	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He practices in Maryland.
02:26:51	5	THE COURT: Okay. so he doesn't practice here. What
	6	type of law does he practice?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's a managing partner in a firm.
	8	They do all sorts of cases. He largely handles real estate,
	9	I and.
02:27:03	10	THE COURT: Okay. He's not a criminal lawyer?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	12	THE COURT: Okay, all right, thank you.
	13	We're back to who's the next one?
	14	THE CLERK: 33, Mr. Pezzulo.
02:27:19	15	THE COURT: Mr. Pezzulo. All right. You are let's
	16	see. Where do you live, sir?
	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Montgomery.
	18	THE COURT: How old are you?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 43.
02:27:27	20	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Some college.
	22	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
	23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a bar manager at Fox Bowl and
	24	I'm a bowler.
02:27:37	25	THE COURT: Are you married?
		.1

Jury	Sel	ecti	on

0 2 : 2 7 : 3 9	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Di vorced.
	2	THE COURT: All right. What does or did your wife do?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She made games for a monopoly.
	4	THE COURT: All right. Any of your family employed in
0 2 : 2 7 : 5 4	5	law enforcement?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A cousin in Berwyn.
	7	THE COURT: All right. Have you ever had any dealings
	8	with the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
	9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:28:01	10	THE COURT: The case involves firearms.
1	11	Do you have any strong feelings that would prevent you
1	12	from being impartial?
1	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
1	14	THE COURT: What about gang membership?
02:28:07	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had a problem with a gang member
1	16	once.
1	17	THE COURT: How Long ago was that?
1	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: About seven years ago at my work.
1	19	THE COURT: Well, you know, I say I think you've been
02:28:19 2	20	here so you heard myyou know, a person has a right to be a
2	21	member of a gang. He doesn't have the right to break the law
2	22	obvi ousl y.
2	23	And what we're concerned about is someone will say,
2	24	well, he's a gang there's charges or it's alleged he's a gang
02:28:43	25	member. Therefore, it's a close case. Normally we wouldn't

find him guilty, but he is -- because there's an allegation of gang membership, we'll cut the government some slack. That's what we're concerned about.

So my question is, even though you might disagree, you might have had a problem with a gang you remember, you might disapprove of gang membership, would you -- would that cause you to cut the government some slack, or would you insist that they prove the case?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I'm speaking more towards the next question that you ask.

THE COURT: What was the next?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Where you ask if you've had some issue with a gang member before.

THE COURT: Yeah, you said you did. What was your issue?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had a person come into my bar and he was intoxicated so he was trying to get served, and I denied him service and he kicked in our front door and left.

I called 911, and the police came. And as the police were there, the guy came back in with a knife and charged at me with a knife. Now, the cops took him down and arrested him.

THE COURT: All right. Do you think that would affect you so you could not --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I tend to side with the police than with a gang for sure.

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02:29:56 25

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02:28:44

02:29:58	1	THE COURT: Well, most people probably would. But the
	2	question is, it's a question of proof. You don't want to cut
	3	the government any slack because of an allegation of gang
	4	membership, and so but they still have to prove the charges
0 2 : 3 0 : 1 4	5	beyond a reasonable doubt.
	6	Now, this is what we're concerned about. So I guess my
	7	question is can you guarantee that you will still even if
	8	there is an allegation of gang membership, that you would still
	9	require the government to prove the charges beyond a reasonable
0 2 : 3 0 : 3 1	10	doubt?
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I understand that. I guess
	12	I'm saying I'm more biased against them because of the incident.
	13	THE COURT: Okay. Do you think that would affect I
	14	guess I could just follow up again. Would that affect your
0 2 : 3 0 : 4 1	15	ability to be fair?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It could, yes.
	17	THE COURT: Okay. I'll excuse you. Thank you.
	18	THE CLERK: Dustin Sladcik, S-L-A-D-C-I-K.
	19	THE COURT: Good afternoon. Are you is it Sladcik?
0 2 : 3 1 : 0 8	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yep, that's correct, Sladcik.
	21	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
	22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: New Lenox III inois.
	23	THE COURT: How old are you?
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm going to be 46 on Wednesday.
0 2 : 3 1 : 2 0	25	THE COURT: Almost happy birthday.

	ī	108
		Jury Selection
02:31:22	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.
	2	THE COURT: What is your education background, sir?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school diploma.
	4	THE COURT: And your occupation?
02:31:29	5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm an electronics technician.
	6	THE COURT: And are you married?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
	8	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She is a registered nurse.
02:31:38	10	THE COURT: Any of your family employed in law
	11	enforcement?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
	13	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF
	14	or the Chicago Police Department?
0 2 : 3 1 : 4 5	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I have not.
	16	THE COURT: Having talking about firearms, do you have
	17	any strong feelings which would prevent you from being
	18	impartial?
	19	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:31:52	20	THE COURT: What about gang membership?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. I mean, probably like
	22	everybody else, l just you know
	23	THE COURT: Yeah, no one no one is in favor
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's just it. There's always a
02:32:12	25	negative that goes along with it.

0 2 : 3 2 : 1 7	1	THE COURT: What we have to avoid is convicting someone
	2	without the government providing proof beyond a reasonable doubt
	3	because of the fact that the issue of gang membership was
	4	rai sed.
02:32:29	5	So I know it's, you know, the best we're looking for.
	6	Do you think you can do that?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I can.
	8	THE COURT: All right. That's good.
	9	Have you ever been affected by gang violence?
0 2 : 3 2 : 4 5	10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	11	THE COURT: Now, the defendant has the right not to
	12	testify, and his silence can't be used against him, and the
	13	government's obligation to prove him guilty beyond a reasonable
	14	doubt and not his obligation to prove he is innocent.
0 2 : 3 2 : 5 6	15	Do you have any problem with those basic tenets of our
	16	system?
	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I do not.
	18	THE COURT: Will you use the same tests in evaluating
	19	the law enforcement officials as you do lay witnesses?
02:33:10	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I will.
	21	THE COURT: Have you or a family member ever been
	22	charged with or convicted with a serious crime?
	23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
	24	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
0 2 : 3 3 : 1 8	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

02:33:19	1	THE COURT: When and where?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was 19 and I had my car stolen.
	3	THE COURT: Okay. So that's long ago?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yep.
02:33:28	5	THE COURT: Did they get the car back?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: I di d.
	7	THE COURT: Have you been a party to a lawsuit either
	8	as a plaintiff or a defendant?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
02:33:38	10	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes, I have.
	12	THE COURT: When and where and what kind of case was
	13	it?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was probably 2000, around 2000.
02:33:48	15	It was Cook County, and it was a murder case.
	16	THE COURT: All right. And you actually sat and
	17	decided it?
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I did.
	19	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
02:34:00	20	list of witnesses?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I went to high school with a Kevin
	22	O'Neill.
	23	THE COURT: Let me take a look. Can you tell us a
	24	little about him, how old he would be, what he does now if you
0 2 : 3 4 : 1 4	25	know?

0 2 : 3 4 : 1 5	1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know him, you know, beyond
	2	just going to high school with him, but he would be my age,
	3	probably 45, 46.
	4	MS. BABU: I don't believe that's the same person.
02:34:25	5	THE COURT: Pardon?
	6	MS. BABU: I don't believe that's the same person.
	7	THE COURT: Okay. The government don't believe that is
	8	the same. I'm sure it's kind of a typical Irish
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, it is.
02:34:40	10	THE COURT: All right. Where was I? Do you have any
	11	religious, philosophical or moral briefs that would make it
	12	difficult for you to sit in judgment of another person?
	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't.
	14	THE COURT: What is your news source?
0 2 : 3 4 : 5 5	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The major stations, CBS, NBC Fox.
	16	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
	17	even if you don't agree with it?
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I will.
	19	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be fair?
02:34:58	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not that I can think of.
	21	THE COURT: Okay. Attorneys, would you give me your
	22	choi ces.
	23	MR. PISSETZKY: Judge, can I have a sidebar?
	24	THE COURT: Yeah.
02:35:08	25	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)

		11
02:35:18	1	MR. PISSETZKY: Mr. Hammerschmidt is very disturbing
	2	the way he was answering the question, the credibility issue
	3	with the police officer, I think he is going to give a lot more
	4	credence to police officers the way he answered. Maybe you can
0 2 : 3 5 : 3 3	5	question him a little more.
	6	MS. BABU: Your Honor, I think he was clear you asked
	7	him multiple times.
	8	THE COURT: I did. I went over it pretty heavily.
	9	MR. HYMAN: However, I think his answers were that he
02:35:50	10	tended to Lean towards that of Law enforcement.
	11	Maybe the Court could inquire as to whether or not he,
	12	just because there is a policeman, an police agent, an officer
	13	is going to testify in this case
	14	THE COURT: And his brother was a criminal defense
02:36:05	15	lawyer.
	16	MR. PISSETZKY: No, he's at a major law firm.
	17	And the way he answered when you asked him, he says, he
	18	assured, yes. I mean, he was not
	19	MS. BABU: Your Honor, by the end of the questioning,
02:36:11	20	when you asked him, he answered he was sure, yes.
	21	THE COURT: Use a peremptory. We can move along as
	22	soon as we can.
	23	(In open court in the hearing of the jury.)
	24	(Court and clerk conferring.)
0 2 : 3 7 : 3 7	25	THE COURT: Mr. Hammerschmidt and Mr. Sladcik will be
		/I

		Jury Selection
0 2 : 3 7 : 4 7	1	excused, and swear in the other two.
	2	(Jury members sworn.)
	3	THE COURT: They can go back to the jury room and call
	4	two more in.
02:38:22	5	THE CLERK: Wendy Courtney and Amy Sroden, S-R-O-D-E-N.
	6	THE COURT: You are Wendy Courtney?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
	8	THE COURT: Get the mic. Make sure it's on. I think
	9	it's not on.
02:39:06	10	THE REPORTER: Turn it on and then just wait a second.
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Good afternoon.
	12	THE COURT: You are Wendy Courtney?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	14	THE COURT: Where do you live?
0 2 : 3 9 : 1 0	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Barri ngton.
	16	THE COURT: How old are you?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 65.
	18	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Associate's degree in nursing.
02:39:19	20	THE COURT: And what is your employment?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm employed at Derek Dermatology.
	22	THE COURT: Are you married?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	24	THE COURT: Have you been married?
0 2 : 3 9 : 3 0	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

02:39:31	1	THE COURT: What did or does your former husband do
	2	former husband do?
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was an investment counselor.
	4	THE COURT: Anybody in your family in law enforcement?
02:39:45	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Have you had any dealings with the ATF or
	7	the Chicago Police Department?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	9	THE COURT: Now the case involves firearms. Do you
02:39:49	10	have any feelings which would make it impossible for you to be
	11	impartial?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	13	THE COURT: How about gang membership?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't respect the choice that
02:39:59	15	someone makes to be a part of the gang, but I believe I could be
	16	impartial.
	17	THE COURT: Okay, that's good. In other words, again,
	18	I've been over this. We are concerned that an inference or an
	19	allegation that a person may be a member of a gang would cause
02:40:21	20	the jury, because they don't think gangs are good, that they
	21	would cut the prosecution some slack and not require the degree
	22	of proof that they would require.
	23	So you think you can do that; is that right?
	24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
02:40:38	25	THE COURT: Very good, thank you.
		II .

02:40:41	1	Have you ever been affected personally by gang
	2	vi ol ence?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: Our defendant under our Constitution has
02:40:48	5	the right not to testify, and his silence can't be used against
	6	him. And it's the government's obligation to prove him guilty
	7	beyond a reasonable doubt and not his obligation to prove his
	8	i nnocence.
	9	Do you have any problem with those basic tenets of our
02:41:05	10	system?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	12	THE COURT: In evaluating any witness' testimony, you
	13	should use the same tests regardless of whether the witness is a
	14	law enforcement official or a lay witness. Can you do that?
02:41:15	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	16	THE COURT: Have you or your family member ever been
	17	charged with or convicted of a serious crime?
	18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	19	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
02:41:23	20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	21	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
	22	either as a plaintiff or a defendant?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	24	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
02:41:32	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.

Jury	Sel	ecti	on
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0 2 : 4 1 : 3 3	1	THE COURT: Did you recognize any of the names on the
	2	list of witnesses?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
0 2 : 4 1 : 3 9	5	moral beliefs that would make it difficult for you to sit in
	6	judgment of another person?
	7	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	8	THE COURT: What are your sources for news?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just the Local news.
0 2 : 4 1 : 4 7	10	THE COURT: Will you follow the law that I give to you
	11	even if you might disagree with it?
	12	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	13	THE COURT: Any reason you couldn't be a fair and
	14	impartial juror in this case?
02:42:00	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	16	THE COURT: Thank you.
	17	The next lady is Amy is it Srodon?
	18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	19	THE COURT: Where do you live?
02:42:04	20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Oak Park.
	21	THE COURT: How old are you?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 51.
	23	THE CLERK: What is your educational background?
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a bachelor's degree in
02:42:09	25	desi gn.

		Jury Selection
02:42:10	1	THE COURT: And what is your business or occupation?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work at the University of Chicago
	3	as a marketing communications manager.
	4	THE COURT: Are you married?
02:42:21	5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
	6	THE COURT: What did or does your former husband do?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was an attorney for the Cook
	8	County Public Guardian's Office.
	9	THE COURT: Okay. So he is an attorney; is that right?
02:42:31	10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
,	11	THE COURT: But he didn't practice criminal law as far
,	12	as you know; is that right?
,	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, he's a public guardian.
,	14	THE COURT: Anybody in your family employed in law
02:42:38	15	enforcement?
,	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle is a member or he is in
,	17	the ATF.
,	18	THE COURT: Okay. Where is he stationed?
,	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, he lives in Mount Prospect.
02:42:49	20	I assume he's stationed somewhere in Chicago.
2	21	THE COURT: Do you see him often?
2	22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I see him at social events.
2	23	THE COURT: Did he ever talk about his work?
2	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's talked about his work before.
02:43:10 2	25	THE COURT: Can I see the lawyers at sidebar.

	Jury Selection
02:43:24	What is your uncle's name?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: William Franz.
3	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
4	THE COURT: Do you know anything about this?
02:43:36 5	MS. BABU: I never heard his name, Your Honor.
6	MR. HYMAN: I think Mr. Franz has been around a long
7	time.
8	MS. BABU: I can ask that real quickly.
9	THE COURT: Yeah.
02:44:00 10	(Ms. Babu exited the sidebar and returned.)
11	MS. BABU: Your Honor, the case agent doesn't recognize
12	the name either.
13	THE COURT: Pardon?
14	MS. BABU: The case agent does not recognize the name
02:44:14 15	either. We are intimately involved in the case, and he does
16	not is not involved in the case at all.
17	THE COURT: Well, she'll be instructed not to discuss.
18	MR. HYMAN: Well, I think I would like the Court to
19	inquire whether or not these ATF officers, so many of them,
0 2 : 4 4 : 3 7 20	whether testimony would make a difference.
21	THE COURT: Yeah, I'll ask her.
22	(In open court in the hearing of the jury.)

THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Your uncle, the ATF

agent, there will be -- this is a -- one of the investigative

agencies is the ATF. He is not involved in this particular case

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0 2 : 4 5 : 0 5	1	is my understanding.
	2	Would the fact would you tend to believe the ATF
	3	witnesses because of your relationship?
	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably. I mean, I know, like,
0 2 : 4 5 : 1 7	5	they've got sliding metal shutters that cover the windows of
	6	their home, and when I once asked him why, he said he has a
	7	really dangerous job.
	8	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you.
	9	THE CLERK: Hei di Habas, H-A-B-A-S.
0 2 : 4 5 : 4 8	10	THE COURT: You are Heidi Habas?
	11	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Habas.
	12	THE COURT: Habas?
	13	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Uh-huh.
	14	THE COURT: Where do you live?
0 2 : 4 5 : 5 3	15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lockport.
	16	THE COURT: How old are you?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 43.
	18	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Masters in education.
0 2 : 4 6 : 0 0	20	THE COURT: And your occupation?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school biology teacher.
	22	THE COURT: Are you married?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	24	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
0 2 : 4 6 : 0 7	25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school physics teacher.

		Jury Sel ecti on
0 2 : 4 6 : 1 0	1	THE COURT: Any members of your family employed in law
	2	enforcement?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: Did you ever have any dealings with the ATF
0 2 : 4 6 : 1 7	5	or the Chicago Police Department?
	6	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	7	THE COURT: You've been here . We've talked about
	8	firearms. Is there anything about that that prevents you from
	9	being impartial?
0 2 : 4 6 : 2 5	10	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	11	THE COURT: How about gang membership?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can being be impartial.
	13	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been affected by gang
	14	vi ol ence?
02:46:34	15	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	16	THE COURT: Under the Constitution, the defendant need
	17	not testify and his silence can't be used against him. The
	18	government has the obligation prove beyond a reasonable doubt.
	19	It's not the defendant's obligation to prove his innocence.
02:46:42	20	Can you accept those principles?
	21	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	22	THE COURT: Will you use the same tests in evaluating

the testimony of law enforcement officials as you use when you

evaluate lay witnesses and vice versa?

PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.

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02:46:59 25

02:46:59	1	THE COURT: Have you ever been charged with or
	2	convicted of a serious crime?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: Have you been a crime victim?
02:47:07	5	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	6	THE COURT: Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit
	7	either as a plaintiff or defendant?
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	9	THE COURT: Have you been on jury duty before?
0 2 : 4 7 : 1 5	10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. About 20 years ago, it was a
	11	civil case in a car accident. I served.
	12	THE COURT: Okay. Did you recognize any of the names
	13	on the lists of witnesses?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I worked with a man named Kevin
0 2 : 4 7 : 2 7	15	O'Neill. He's probably mid 30s, lives in California right now.
	16	THE COURT: Okay. I'm sure that's not we think we
	17	mentioned that's kind of a common Irish type name.
	18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	19	THE COURT: Do you have any religious, philosophical or
0 2 : 4 7 : 4 0	20	moral beliefs that make it difficult for you to sit in judgment
	21	of another person?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	23	THE COURT: What is your source of news?
	24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: ABC.
0 2 : 4 7 : 4 8	25	THE COURT: Will you follow the law as I give to you

		Jury Selection						
02:47:49	1	even if you don't agree with it?						
	2	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.						
	3	THE COURT: Any reason you can't be fair?						
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.						
02:47:59	5	THE COURT: Thank you. Lawyers.						
	6	(Documents tendered to the Court.)						
	7	THE COURT: Would you swear these two in, please.						
	8	(Jurors sworn.)						
	9	THE COURT: Could you take them back, please.						
02:49:11	10	(Jurors exit the courtroom.)						
,	11	THE COURT: We'll now select alternates. We have two						
,	12	left in our group, so if will you call the other two, the last						
,	13	two, please.						
,	14	THE CLERK: Jasmin Schneyer, S-C-H-N-E-Y-E-R, and Lace						
02:49:40	15	set, Jasmin Schneyer and Pablo Rodriguez.						
,	16	THE COURT: Jasmin Schneyer? Did I pronounce that						
,	17	ri ght?						
,	18	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Close enough.						
,	19	THE COURT: Pardon?						
02:49:57	20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Close enough.						
2	21	THE COURT: Well, how do you how do you pronounce						
2	22	i t?						
2	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Jasmi n Schneyer.						
2	24	THE COURT: Schneyer?						
02:50:06 2	25	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Schneyer, yeah.						

Jury	Sel	ecti	on
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02:50:06	1	THE COURT: Where do you live?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I live in Chicago.
	3	THE COURT: How old are you?
	4	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 37.
0 2 : 5 0 : 1 0	5	THE COURT: What is your educational background?
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a juris doctorate.
	7	THE COURT: And you practice law?
	8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I used to. I used to be a
	9	litigator.
0 2 : 5 0 : 1 9	10	THE COURT: Did you practice criminal law?
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I didn't.
	12	THE COURT: Okay. So you were civil?
	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Civil. I did intellectual
	14	property.
02:50:29	15	THE COURT: Pardon?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Intellectual property
	17	THE COURT: Okay.
	18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: litigation.
	19	THE COURT: When did you cease active practice?
0 2 : 5 0 : 3 4	20	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Four years ago.
	21	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
	22	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	23	THE COURT: Have you ever been married or
	24	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
02:50:39	25	THE COURT: Anybody in your family in law enforcement?

		Jury Selection						
0 2 : 5 0 : 4 2	1	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.						
	2	THE COURT: Have you ever had any dealings with the ATF						
	3	or the Chicago Police Department?						
	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm friends with a Chicago cop.						
02:50:52	5	THE COURT: Just friends? I mean, I guess we're						
	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's it.						
	7	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever had any dealings with						
	8	the ATF and the Chicago Police Department?						
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Assuming that's not a dealing, then						
02:51:05	10	no.						
	11	THE COURT: Pardon?						
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Assuming being friends is not a						
	13	deal, then no.						
	14	THE COURT: Right. Have you ever had any incidents						
02:51:16	15	with the police or anything like that?						
	16	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.						
	17	THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Now, the case I'm sure						
	18	you've been hearing about use of firearm.						
	19	Do you have any feelings that would make it prevent						
02:51:27	20	you from being impartial?						
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I know I really don't like guns,						
	22	but I will follow the law.						

THE COURT: Okay. And same with gang membership, can

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would find that very difficult.

	1	TUE COURT. Can you do i to I guada that' a tha					
02:51:36	1	THE COURT: Can you do it? I guess that's the					
	2	question. Again, I'm saying					
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would be concerned					
	4	THE COURT: We're not asking					
0 2 : 5 1 : 4 1	5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: that I couldn't.					
	6	THE COURT: We're not asking anybody to approve of gang					
	7	membershi p.					
	8	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yeah.					
	9	THE COURT: The question is we must be careful that the					
02:51:51	10	mere mention of gang membership would cause the jury to cut the					
	11	government, I have been mentioning slack so they don't have					
	12	to in other words, if they if gang membership hadn't been					
	13	mentioned, the jury would have acquitted the guy, but they					
	14	convicted him now because merely because so we have to					
0 2 : 5 2 : 2 0	15	make sure that the jurors will make sure that doesn't happen.					
	16	It doesn't mean that gang membership may not prove to					
	17	be relevant in the case. But if it turns out it's not relevant,					
	18	then the jurors shouldn't consider that by accepting lesser					
	19	burden of proof. Can you do that?					
0 2 : 5 2 : 3 8	20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand that, but I'm just					
	21	saying that I can't I can't be sure that I wouldn't be biased					
	22	because it involved a gang member.					
	23	THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse					
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just be honest.					
0 2 : 5 2 : 4 7	25	THE COURT: I'll excuse you. Thank you.					

		Jury Selection
0 2 : 5 2 : 5 1	1	And you are Pablo Rodriguez?
	2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
	3	THE COURT: Where do you live, sir?
	4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In Chicago, but I'm currently
02:52:59	5	moving to Ohio.
	6	THE COURT: Not this week, I hope?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. Like in 10 days.
	8	THE COURT: Okay. How old are you?
	9	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: 36.
0 2 : 5 3 : 1 3	10	THE COURT: What's your educational background?
	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a bachelor bachelor degree
	12	on computer science.
	13	THE COURT: And your occupation?
	14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a web developer doing freelance
0 2 : 5 3 : 2 2	15	job right now.
	16	THE COURT: All right. Are you married?
	17	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: Yes.
	18	THE COURT: What does your spouse do?
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a customer marketing manager.
0 2 : 5 3 : 3 0	20	THE COURT: In what type of business?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it's called S.C. Johnson.
	22	THE COURT: Okay. That's a big multi-product company
	23	in Wisconsin? I think it is.
	24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. They have, like, an office
0 2 : 5 3 : 4 3	25	here in Chicago.

0 2 : 5 3 : 4 6	1	THE COURT: I know, but I mean, I think their
	2	headquarters is.
	3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Headquarters in Racine, Wisconsin,
	4	yes.
02:53:56	5	THE COURT: Anybody in your family in the law
	6	enforcement business?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, my brother.
	8	THE COURT: What does he do?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think he's a CBP on I think it's
0 2 : 5 4 : 0 5	10	on Miami.
	11	THE COURT: He's a what again?
	12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it's called CBP like a
	13	custom border patrol.
	14	THE COURT: Oh, Chicago Police Department or police
0 2 : 5 4 : 1 4	15	department?
	16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's not a police department. He
	17	works at the Air Force.
	18	THE COURT: 0h, okay.
	19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The airport, I'm sorry.
0 2 : 5 4 : 2 5	20	THE COURT: Military, he's a military?
	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, he's not in the military.
	22	THE COURT: Okay. Is he an attorney?
	23	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	24	THE COURT: Do you have any attorneys in your family?
0 2 : 5 4 : 3 2	25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't believe so.

	1	THE COURT Of the c
0 2 : 5 4 : 3 3	1	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever had any dealings with
	2	the ATF or the Chicago Police Department?
	3	PROSPECTI VE JUROR: No.
	4	THE COURT: Now, the charges include the use of a
0 2 : 5 4 : 3 8	5	firearm. Do you have any feelings which are so strong that
	6	would prevent you from being fair?
	7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think so.
	8	THE COURT: You don't think you could be?
	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I grew up in Puerto Rico, so
02:54:50	10	there's a lot of like gangs activities, and I was exposed to a
	11	lot of that so
	12	THE COURT: I'll excuse you.
	13	Let's see the lawyers at sidebar.
	14	(At sidebar outside the hearing of the venire.)
02:55:09	15	THE COURT: We've run out of
	16	MR. HYMAN: Is the gentleman who was chewing gum, is he
	17	an agent?
	18	THE COURT: I don't know who he is, but he's not on
	19	our he's not on our list. So we'll have to send down can
02:55:25	20	we get help? Can we get more?
	21	THE CLERK: Not till tomorrow.
	22	THE COURT: Not till tomorrow?
	23	THE CLERK: Everybody's gone home.
	24	THE COURT: All right.
0 2 : 5 5 : 3 4	25	MR. HYMAN: Do you want to start a little earlier?
		Al Control of the Con

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0	2	:	5	9	:	4	5	25

THE CLERK: Let me call.

THE COURT: Call in the morning, yeah.

MR. PISSETZKY: It will take the whole hour.

(Off-the-record discussion.)

THE CLERK: How many jurors do you need, Judge?

THE COURT: See if they can get us 15.

THE CLERK: Tomorrow at 10:00, they will have 15.

THE COURT: Bring the jury back in.

(Jury enters courtroom at 2:57 p.m.)

THE COURT: Please be seated. Members of the jury, we've completed selection for the jury, but we need to select some alternate jurors. And the purpose of an alternate juror is because if for some reason one of the jurors cannot conclude service, then they will be replaced by an alternate because the Constitution requires a verdict of 12.

So we need to select alternate. And unfortunately, we've run out of prospective jurors until tomorrow morning. So I'm going to ask you to start at 10:30 tomorrow. We will hope to be able to start the case with opening statements. This is not that big of a setback, so I think we can catch up with the time. So you're excused till 10:30 tomorrow.

COURT SECURITY OFFICER: All rise.

THE COURT: Go to the jury room. Oh, do not discuss your service, do not discuss the case. And a couple of other things. Do not discuss an investigation, a private

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Do not get on the internet and Google names or whatever and try to conduct any investigation. All of the evidence that you should consider will be what's produced here in court. So please don't -- and don't get on social media and then talk about your -- your experiences.

When the case is over, you're free to do whatever you want. But up until then, I'm going to ask you not to discuss the case with anybody. And by all means, do not try and investigate the case. Have a nice evening. I'll see you all at 10:30 tomorrow morning.

(Jury exits courtroom at 3:00 p.m.)

MR. HYMAN: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. HYMAN: May we approach?

THE COURT: Yeah. He's not on our list.

THE CLERK: I'll take care of it.

THE COURT: Sorry about that.

All right. As soon as we complete jury selection, we'll go right into the opening statements. So immediately you'll go into opening statements, and then the government will start presenting evidence. So make sure you're here at exactly at 10:00 so we can get started.

Hopefully it won't take us too long to pick the alternates. You only get one challenge a side.

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	Jury Sel ecti on
03:01:37	MR. HYMAN: Thank you, Judge.
2	THE COURT: Have a nice evening, everybody.
3	MR. HYMAN: You, too, Judge.
4	(Adjourned at 3:01 p.m.)
01:32:36 5	* * * * * * *
6	CERTIFICATE
7	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript of the
8	record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
9	
01:32:36 10	/s/ LISA H. BREITER February 13, 2019 LISA H. BREITER, CSR, RMR, CRR
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